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THE MORNING STAR
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FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

Full Almanac—November 13.

Sun Rises	6.34 A M
Sun Sets	4.53 P M
Day's Length	10 h 19 m
High Water at Southport	1.38 A M
High Water at Wilmington	3.21 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 13.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 68°; 8 p. m., 70°; maximum, 80°; minimum, 68°; mean, 74°.

Rainfall for the day, T.; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, 1.93.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Nov. 10.—At 8 a. m. the stage of the water in the Cape Fear river was 6.0 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina—Threatening and showers; clearing during the day; cooler; winds shifting to northerly.

OUTLINES.

It is rumored that the hitch in the negotiations for the transfer of the Seaboard & Roanoke Railroad stock to the Ryan-Thomas syndicate is due to the refusal of the Seaboard Air Line's management to allow an expert examination of the books and accounts of the property. —— The Democratic caucus of the Georgia Legislature is still balloting for United States Senator. —— Hon. Wm. J. Bryan will address free silver local organizations in Lincoln (Neb.) next Saturday, and next week will visit Missouri and Arkansas. —— General Weyler reports engagements with the Cuban insurgents, in which the Spanish troops were victorious. —— Jos. S. Miller, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Treasury Department, has resigned. —— One burglar was killed and another wounded and captured while robbing a store at Batavia, N. Y. —— The ten-mile bicycle record was broken by James Michael, at New Orleans, who made it in 18 83 1-5. —— The attendance on the North Carolina Baptist Convention at Morganton is large, and delegates are coming on every train; Dr. R. H. Marsh, of Oxford, was re-elected president. —— The steamer Three Friends has been libelled and seized by the United States authorities at Jacksonville, Fla. —— James Fagin, who threw a lighted cigar in Secretary Carlisle's face at Covington, Ky. was fined $20 and costs. —— The intention of the Baltimore Refining Company to re-open their plant at Curtis Bay was frustrated by the Sugar Trust, the stock held by it being cast in favor of its remaining idle. —— Official returns show that one Democratic elector was elected in Kentucky. —— Two Mexican horse thieves were killed and one wounded by a sheriff's posse in Childress county, Texas. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 3½@4 per cent., last loan at 3½ per cent., closing offered at 3½ per cent.; cotton quiet—middling gulf 8¾c, middling 8¼c; Southern flour quiet and firm—common to fair extra $3 65 @3 25; good to choice $3 35@3 55; wheat—spot dull and stronger; ungraded red 86@96c; corn—spot dull and firmer; No. 2 33c at elevator and 33c afloat; spirits turpentine steady at 28@28½c; rosin steady—strained common to good $1 93@1 93½.

The Japanese workman is catching on to American methods. He has learned how to "strike."

A Washington oyster expert says the proper way to test the freshness of an oyster is by the smell. But there are lots of people who never get a smell of an oyster.

The Democrats will lose seven Senators in the next Congress, all from States that went for gold, and the gold Democrats have the satisfaction of knowing that they did it.

The Indianapolis Board of Exchange talks of leading the movement against the greenbacks. Indianapolis is the town which injected that decoy platform into the atmosphere.

Now that Mark Hanna has had a good taste of politics he likes it. He is going to establish permanent headquarters in Washington. If he gets into the Senate this will be quite handy.

A Pennsylvania company has leased some land in Kentucky and is going to bore for oil. Judging from the result of the election, the majority of the white people of that State feel considerably bored now.

Bargain Day to-day at C. W. Polvogt & Co.'s. Visit them and secure the bargains. †

One hundred bargains to-day at C. W. Polvogt & Co.'s. †

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LIX.—NO. 45. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1896. WHOLE NO. 9,036

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER,
OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

The Winnebago Indians in one of the Nebraska counties went on a razee and ate a heap of dog celebrating McKinley's election. Celebrating such an event by untutored Indians might be overlooked, but there are a good many intelligent, civilized people who were as foolish as these Indians.

A Louisville dispatch says that Col. Breckinridge will not make a formal contest for that seat in the House but will content himself with a protest. This is not the first instance when the Colonel has figured in the role of a protestor.

The Richmond *Dispatch* seems to think there is a conspiracy against the battleship Texas to discredit her because she was built in a Southern ship yard; hence the repeated groundings. This looks like running the thing into the ground.

"The defeat of Bryan," remarks the Louisville *Courier-Journal*, "was accomplished by the co-operation of sound money Democrats and sound money Republicans." Just so. The decoys did what was expected of them.

Mr. Cleveland may now proceed with his duck-hunting. There would be no objection if he used Palmer and Buckner for his decoys.

With the election over and the Venezuelan incident practically settled, perhaps Cuba may now attract some attention.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST—Bunch of keys.
JAS. D. NUTT—Hazel Bloom.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

A. D. WESSELL—For rent.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. H. F. Pierce, of Warsaw, is in the city on business.

— Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Perdew have turned from Philadelphia.

— Mr. E. J. Abram, of Newbern, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Messrs. J. Rowlands and W. B. Eahhont, of Aberdeen, were in the city yesterday.

— Mr. A. J. Johnson, of Taylor's Bridge, N. C., was a visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

— Miss Agnes Struthers, of Grists, N. C., is on a visit to her cousin, Miss Lizzie Struthers.

— Mr. Jno. F. Taylor, of Magnolia, was among the visitors at the STAR office yesterday.

— Dr. L. L. Ardrey, of Burgaw, and Dr. W. A. Crowell, of Charlotte, were in the city yesterday.

— Mr. D. M. Flynn, of the firm of Hall & Flynn, Bogue, N. C., came in on the W., C. & A. yesterday.

— Messrs. Jas. C. Marshall, of Wadesboro, and A. H. Slocomb, of Fayetteville, were in the city yesterday.

— Messrs. Frank McNeill and John H. Gore have returned from Whiteville, where they have been attending court.

— The STAR regrets to learn that Capt. E. L. Pearce, a gallant Confederate soldier and a member of the present Board of Commissioners of New Hanover county, is critically ill at his home, Scott's Hill.

— Mr. Frank Davies, representing Wm. W. Bierce, of New Orleans, who controls the cotton-tie output of the Illinois Steel Company, was here yesterday. He says that Mr. Bierce is fighting the cotton-tie trust, and that since he entered the field the price for ties has gone down sixty-three cents per bundle. Mr. Jno. H. Brown, of this city, has the State agency for the company.

Made His Escape.

Tobe Brown, the colored man charged with retailing liquor without license before U. S. Commissioner R. H. Bunting and turned over to the Duplin county Commissioner to await the next term of the U. S. Court, made his escape yesterday by jumping off the train near Wallace, N. C. He was in charge of Deputy Sheriff John Herring. This is the fourth time he has escaped from the clutches of the law.

Hibernian Ball.

A committee composed of Messrs. H. O'Brien, Jno. J. Furlong, Thos. Torpy, Frank P. Donlan, Frank Egan, Wm. Bate and Dr. F. B. Carroll are busy making preparations for the Hibernian Benevolent Society's annual charitable ball, which will be given at Hibernian Hall Thanksgiving eve, Wednesday, 25th inst.

Spend your cash to-day at C. W. Polvogt & Co.'s. It is their Bargain Day. Dress Goods, Carpets, Cloaks and Silks are among the bargains. †

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Messrs. C. W. Polvogt & Co.'s bargain day will begin this morning.

— The Norwegian steamers *Seward* and *Kuhnle*, from Hamburg, are en route to this port.

— The formal opening of the Piney Woods Inn, at Southern Pines, N. C., will take place next Wednesday, 18th inst.

— The Wilson foot ball team will arrive to-morrow morning. Enthusiasts here are putting on the Wilmington team colors, yellow and purple.

— One of the fairy stories afloat is that D. L. Russell will be a cabinet officer or a minister to a foreign land, and Reynolds will take his place at the State Capitol.

— The decision of the Supreme Court in the graveyard insurance cases from Carteret county (published in the STAR), sends two or three of the men implicated to the penitentiary.

— Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Haywood, of Haw River, N. C., will give to the United States cruiser *Raleigh* a dozen silver punch cups, similar in design to the bowl presented the vessel at Southport.

— Mr. Ed W. Oldham, manager for Miss Rosabel Morrison, who will appear at the Opera House next Thursday night, November 19th, in the beautiful play "Carmen," was in the city yesterday. Miss Morrison, besides being an actress of acknowledged ability, is the daughter of that famous actor, Lewis Morrison.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

Various Matters Considered and Discussed at the Regular Monthly Meeting Held Yesterday.

The regular monthly meeting of the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce was held yesterday at noon in the rooms of the Chamber. The meeting was called to order by the President, Mr. Jas. H. Chadbourn, Jr.; Col. Jno. L. Cantwell secretary.

Mr. H. K. Nash, chairman of the special committee appointed at the last meeting to secure better protection from fire on the west side of the river, reported that the committee had attended a meeting of the Board of Aldermen and laid the matter before it, and that the Board had taken action as requested.

The special committee appointed to aid Mr. White, of the firm of R. S. White & Bro., of Norfolk, Va., who were looking here for a site for a factory, was on motion continued.

Vice President Taylor, as chairman of committee, reported as to the visit of the U. S. cruiser *Raleigh*, and on motion the thanks of the Chamber were voted to the President, the Committee and Lieut. Jourdan, U. S. A., for their efforts in inducing the Navy Department to order the *Raleigh* to Southport to receive the testimonial given by citizens of the State.

The Secretary was instructed to notify the committee appointed to secure a charter for the Chamber, that the old charter will expire in January, 1897. Also, the committee appointed to prepare a bill for the Legislature reducing pilotage charges at this port as agreed upon.

By request of the President, the Secretary read a letter from Mr. E. St John as to the advantages, beauty and general desirability of Ocean View as a Summer resort, and the necessity for a fine hotel at that place. The matter was discussed at length, and the Secretary was, on motion, instructed to send the letter from Mr. St. John to the chairman of the committee on hotel, Mr. F. W. Foster.

Mr. A. J. Howell, Jr., of the Committee on Information and Statistics, read a newspaper clipping as to the establishment of a line of ocean steamers between South Atlantic and European ports by Wm. Johnson & Co., of Liverpool, and the Southern Railway Company, in which Norfolk, Charleston, Savannah and Brunswick, Ga., were named and the port of Wilmington omitted. The matter was discussed, and on motion the Committee on Information and Statistics was requested to correspond with Samuel Spencer, Esq., president of the Southern Railway Company, and Messrs. Wm. Johnson & Co., of Liverpool, making inquiry and suggestion as to the port of Wilmington.

President Chadbourn reported progress in the matter of advertising. A book that is in preparation will be ready for issue in about a month.

Mr. J. H. Boatwright moved that the hour for meeting be changed to 8.30 p. m. The motion was laid over for action at the next regular meeting of the Chamber.

Hargrave-Hall.

Miss Margaret Hargrave was married to Mr. Al. M. Hall, of Wilmington, in the Presbyterian church at Kenansville, N. C., Wednesday, the 11th inst., in the presence of a large number of relatives and friends. Rev. Mr. McIntyre, pastor of the church, performed the ceremony. Miss Julia Farrior was maid of honor, and Mr. F. L. Pearsall best man. The ushers were Messrs. James Black, Richard Bradley, Dr. Owen Kenan, Dr. E. W. Ward and Mr. Henry Farrior. After the marriage the newly wedded couple took the train for Wilmington, where they arrived Wednesday evening. Last night a reception was held at their residence, No. 111 Church street, and many visitors called to extend their congratulations.

Friday is the day selected by C. W. Polvogt & Co. as their Bargain Day. They offer to-day 35c Windsor Ties at 15c; 50c Brussell Carpet at 49c; $1.00 Fancy Silks 50c; Whalebone 5c; 89c Lady's Vest 35c; 40c French Serge 25c, all wool; 25c Ladies' Black Hose 15c; $3.25 Rug at $2 25. In fact, 100 bargains will be displayed.

THE FLOWER SHOW.

A Scene of Enchantment at the Y. M. C. A. Building—Many Visitors—Handsome Displays—Prizes Awarded—The Show to Continue This Evening.

The handsome parlors of the Young Men's Christian Association presented a scene of enchantment last evening. The auspicious occasion was the opening of the Chrysanthemum Show, given for the benefit of the Oxford Orphan Asylum.

The halls, parlors and adjoining rooms of the building were tastefully festooned with ferns, palms, etc., and the soft glow of the incandescent electric lights upon the plants, and the fragrant odor from the flowers all went to perfect a "Palace of Enchantment." At every turn the eye was greeted with the rarest and most beautiful chrysanthemums of all colors and sizes.

Before the opening of the doors a committee of three gentlemen—Major W. A. Johnson and Messrs. Junius Davis and Clayton Giles—awarded the following prizes:

First prize, ten dollars, to Mr. Will Rehder, for the finest display of growing chrysanthemums.

Second prize, five dollars, to Mr. Lot Williams, of Wilson, N. C., for the finest display of cut chrysanthemums.

Third prize, five dollars, to Mrs. W. H. Pemberton, of Fayetteville, for the finest single growing chrysanthemum.

Special prize, five dollars, to Miss Fannie Johnson and Miss Lucy Moore, for the finest display of palms and ferns.

During the early part of the evening the visitors were entertained with a stereopticon exhibition, the finest ever given in this city. This part of the evening's entertainment was in charge of Mr. Jos. J. Caffrey, with the compliments of the B. T. Babbitt soap house, which Mr. Caffrey represents. He was ably assisted by a full orchestra, which as each scene was flashed upon the canvas would play appropriate music.

After the stereopticon exhibition those present were left to wend their way among the beautiful flowers. The southern section of the parlors was taken up with a handsome display of ferns, palms, chrysanthems, etc., from the hot houses of Mr. Will Rehder, florist. Among the handsome displays of flowers were those of Mrs. T. A. Hodges, Mrs. Geo. Rountree and Mrs. Samuel Hall. The cities of Baltimore, Philadelphia, Wilson and Fayetteville were also represented. One of the most handsome exhibits was a cluster of artificial fruit and flowers made of paper, mounted on a pedestal of cotton, the work of Mrs. Julia Booker. This handsome ornament will be sold for the benefit of the orphans. The flowers will be sold after the entertainment to-night.

The following ladies are in charge:

Governing Committee—Mrs. A. D. McClure, chairman; Mrs. C. C. Brown, Mrs. Jas. F. Post, Jr., Mrs. S. H. Fishblate, Mrs. John H. Rehder, Miss Kate T. Cantwell.

Refreshment Committee—Mrs. C. C. Brown and Mrs. J. F. Post, Jr., chairmen; Mrs. W. W. Hodges, Mrs. M. S. Willard, Mrs. N. Jacobi, Mrs. J. L. Cantwell, Mrs. M. C. S. Noble, Mrs. S. H. Burt, Mrs. L. S. Belden, Mrs. R. H. Grant, Mrs. Mitt Moore, Mrs. J. W Jackson, Mrs. C. H. Robinson, Mrs. C. H. King, Mrs. Roger Moore, Mrs. W. E. Storm, Mrs. J. C. Munds, Mrs. R. W. Price, Mrs. J. R. Williams, Mrs. S. Mendelsohn.

Music Committee—Miss Kate T. Cantwell, Mr. C. H. Robinson.

Flowers and Decorations—Mrs. J. H. Rehder and Mrs. C. H. Fishblate, chairmen; Mrs. T. A. Hodges, Miss Lucy Moore, Miss Fannie Johnson, Miss Mary Northrop, Miss Edith Bolles, Mrs. H. L. Fennell, Mrs. H. G. Smallbones, Mrs. Willard Smith.

To day lunch will be served by the ladies from 12 m. to 2 p. m. The exhibition will be open from 2 p. m. to 6 p m. and from 7.30 p. m. on.

A rare programme of music, etc., is arranged for to-night's entertainment. The following will take part: Vocalists, Miss Mary Lilly Kenan, Miss Fair Payne, Miss Elsie Calder, Miss Mary Calder and Mrs. Warren G. Elliott; violin solo, Master St. John; accompanists, Miss Cannie Chasten and Mr. E. A. Munson; Travesty on Fregoli, Mr. Jas. H. Cowan. The Mandolin Club will also play.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Wilmington postoffice November 13, 1896:

WOMEN'S LIST.

A—Leaner Ahrens. B—Miss Janie Bell. C—Miss Annie Council. D—Mrs Ida Debanion, Miss Nancy Davis. F—Miss Sallie Farrow. K—Mrs Margaret I King. L—Mrs Mary Lake. P—Miss Annie Parrington. R—Mrs Columbia Richards. S—Miss Annie Stephen, Miss Mearnie Simmons.

MEN'S LIST.

A—Frank C Allen. M J Aydlette, B—Abraham Bell, C C Bordeman, C C Barbean, C O Beers, J R Benson, Jno C Brock, G R Benson, J R Besson, M J Barney, Wm Bluett. C—H C Collin, H Copland, J A Cherry, Lewis Covington, M F Clemy. D—L E Donaloo, Smith, Donalson. F—N A Franks, Mitchell Fraser. G—Andrew Gupp. H—Buell A Harriss, John Haulen, G W Hanges, Will Hastings, W F Howard, Wm Hansley, Wm Howell. J—Sam Jones. K—J A Kure. M—J W McLillan, Mello McAlister, Wm McIver, M G Merrett, S S Mints, W Melton, W W Miller. R—Rev Geo Rhodes, J Riveabark, W A Robbins. S—Chester Seeber, F D Summers, John H Sursson, P S Sasser, Robert Spicer. T—H B Thompson, Jno F Truesdale, L Tindle. W—C M Willis, F W Ward.

RETURNED FROM DEAD-LETTER OFFICE

Mamy Barnes, Sophia McKinzie.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in fifteen days, they will be sent to the dead letter office.

GEO. L. MORTON, Postmaster.

Among the bargains to-day at C. W. Polvogt & Co.'s will be a 75c Black Serge, 54 inches wide, for 39c per yard. Strictly all wool. †

Bargain Day to-day at C. W. Polvogt & Co.'s, who offer one lot dollar silks in fancy colors for fronts or waists at 50c per yard. Do not fail to see them. †

PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD

In Session at Newbern—Rev. A. D. McClure Elected Moderator—Permanent Committees Appointed—Reports Received.

[*Newbern Journal, Nov. 12.*]

The Synod of North Carolina of the Presbyterian Church met pursuant to adjournment at 9.30 a. m. in the First Presbyterian church, and was organized by the unanimous election of Rev. A. D. McClure, of Wilmington, N. C., as moderator, and Rev. P. R. Law and Rev. W. R. McClelland, temporary clerks. Rev. T. H. Law, D. D., of South Carolina, agent of the American Bible Society, was heard in the interest of the Bible cause.

A committee was appointed, with Rev. L. B. Turnbull, D. D., chairman, to consider the subject of the religious condition of the State convicts and to report to this meeting of Synod.

Salisbury was unanimously chosen as the place of next meeting, and the first Tuesday in November, 1897, as the time.

The Moderator then announced the following permanent committees:

Bills and Overtures—Rev Eugene Daniels, D. D., Rev. W. B. Arrowood, Rev. D. I. Craig, Ruling Elders H. H. Munson, Leo D. Heartt.

Judicial Committee—Rev. H. G. Hill, D. D., Rev. E. W. Smith, D. D. Rev J. B. Morton, Ruling Elders E Nye Hutchinson, A. L. McLean.

Systematic Beneficence—Rev. L. B. Turnbull, D. D., Rev. A. G. Graham, Rev. S. M. Rankin.

Minutes of Assembly—Rev. J. Rumple, D. D., Rev. K. M. McDonald, Ruling Elder W. G. Hardin.

Union Theological Seminary, Virginia—Rev. J. M. Rose, D. D., Rev. J. W. Stagg, Ruling Elder J. H. Jarvis.

Treasurer's Books—Rev. R. V. Lancaster, Rev. A. U. Ferguson, Elder W. A. Blair.

Trustee of Synod—Rev. A. M. McFayden, Rev. W. M. Shaw, Elder H. M. McDonald.

Devotional Exercises—Rev. C. G Vardell, Rev. J. Henry Smith, D. D., Elder T. A. Henry.

Statistical Reports—Rev. A. J. McKelway Rev. C. W. Maxwell, Elder J. L. Scott, Jr.

Synodical Records—Rev. Joseph Evans, Rev. Roger Martin.

Leave of Absence—Rev. M. McG. Shields. Rev. S. H. Isler, Rev. R. A. Miller, Elder L. Richardson.

Address to Churches—Rev. J. B. Shearer, D. D., Rev. D J. Currie. Rev. B. E. Wallace. Elder J. A. Holmes.

Rev. A. J. McKelway was appointed corresponding clerk of the Synod for furnishing the news of the Synod to the secular and religious newspapers.

A special committee was appointed to nominate a successor to Colonel John E. Brown, deceased, as Trustee of Synod.

Rev. D. I. Craig was appointed chairman of the committee on colored evangelization, in place of Rev. W. D. Morton, D. D., removed from bounds of Synod.

Rev. A. D. McClure, of Wilmington, N. C., preached the sermon at the devotional meeting at 11.30 a. m. His text was I. Chronicles 29: 5: "Who is willing to consecrate himself this day unto the Lord."

Synod took recess after the services until 3 o'clock p. m., at which hour the body assembled. It was made the standing order of Synod to have the Synodical communion at 11 o'clock of the second day, and to elect the Moderator after the opening sermon on the first night.

Rev. A. J. McKelway made a partial report on Statistical Reports. Eight ministers of the Synod have died since the last meeting, namely: Rev. John A. Preston, Rev. William Graner and Rev. W. K. Boggs of the Presbytery of Mecklenburg, Rev. P. H. Dalton of the Presbytery of Concord, and Rev. A. McQueen, Rev. J. A. White, Rev. G. L. Wolf and Rev. D D. McBryde, of the Presbytery of Fayetteville. It was recommended that the hour of eleven o'clock, Friday morning be set apart for the memorial services in honor of the departed brethren.

Rev. Fred D. Thomas made the report on the Bible cause.

Rev. J. B. Shearer, D. D., made the report of the committee on Church and Christian Education. Davidson College has the largest number of students in its history. Peace Institute is more flourishing than ever before. Three Presbyterial Seminaries for young ladies have been established during the year—at Red Springs, Charlotte and Statesville.

Rev. T. B. Turnbull, D. D., brought in the report on ministerial education. Fewer candidates during the last two years. North Carolina stands first in the number of candidates for the ministry. Seventy-four in all. Twenty-one in Mecklenburg.

Davidson College has the largest number of students in her history. Peace Institute, at Raleigh, was never more flourishing, and three seminaries for young ladies. An interesting discussion took place on this report, in which Rev. L. B. Turnbull, D. D., Rev. Peyton H. Hoge, D. D., and Rev. R. V. Lancaster participated.

The service at night beginning at 7.30 o'clock was in the interest of Foreign Missions. Encouraging reports were made by the chairman and Rev. A. G. Gratian, of Davidson College, Rev. R. L. Lancaster, formerly missionary to China.

Rev. Peyton H. Hoge, D. D., and Rev. Egbert W. Smith, D. D., delivered interesting and stirring addresses on the subject of Foreign Missions. A collection was taken up at the close of the devotional service, amounting to $41.98.

The discussion on the Educational report was resumed, addresses were made by Revs. Turnbull, Hoge, Daniels, Vardell, McKelway, Shearer, Lancaster, Alexander and Lowry. Reports amended and adopted.

Synod closed with prayer.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—534 bales cotton, 6 casks spirits turpentine, 14 bbls rosin, 26 bbls tar, 9 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—1,989 bales cotton, 18 casks spirits turpentine, 211 bbls rosin, 18 bbls tar, 8 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—96 bales cotton, 7 casks spirits turpentine, 47 bbls rosin, 20 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—159 bales cotton, 43 casks spirits turpentine, 18 bbls rosin, 28 bbls tar.

Steamer E. A. Hawes—11 bales cotton, 64 casks spirits turpentine, 158 bbls rosin, 46 bbls tar.

Parker's flat—20 bales cotton, 20 casks spirits turpentine, 150 bbls rosin.

Total receipts—Cotton, 2,099 bales; spirits turpentine, 167 casks; rosin, 395 bbls; tar, 116 bbls; crude turpentine, 33 bbls.

Special value will be offered to-day in Rugs and mattings at C. W. Polvogt & Co.'s, their Bargain Day. †

THE MORNING STAR.

The elections are over, but there will be many events of great interest during the coming twelve months.

Congress meets the first Monday in December. The North Carolina Legislature assembles early in January. It will elect a United States Senator, and there will be a great struggle between the friends of silver and the friends of gold.

Governor-elect Russell will be inaugurated, and everybody will be anxious to know what will be his policy.

There are many other questions of great public interest to be discussed and settled, and those who wish to keep abreast of the times must have a daily newspaper.

From all over the State THE MORNING STAR has received praise and congratulations for the consistent and determined fight it made for Bimetallism and true Democracy in the recent campaign. More than this, the increase in its circulation during the past few months has never, we feel sure, been equalled in the history of North Carolina daily newspapers.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

FILING ACCOUNTS.

GOVERNOR-ELECT RUSSELL AND OTHER OFFICERS.

Interesting Disclosures—Republicans and Populists Received Pay For Working For Each Other.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 12.

Governor-elect Russell and nearly all the newly elected officers have filed itemized statements of their election expenditures. The time allowed for filing these accounts expires to-morrow night, and the law says that any candidate failing to do so shall forfeit his office. Richmond Pearson and Rev. W. A. Martin are the only candidates who have failed to do so. The statements rendered are exceedingly interesting. They reveal the fact that Republicans received pay from Populists for doing faithful work and *vice versa*.

Otho Wilson's *Hayseeder* was a good thing, judging from the accounts. Republicans and Populists both contributed fancy prices to the publication.

Judge Russell's expenditures in the campaign amounted in all to $599. Of course the amount of $3,000, which Maj. Grant said it cost him to get the nomination, is not put down. Judge Russell gave $100 to the Republican committee, $50 as subscription to various newspapers, $402 for personal expenses and $30 to Ki Gadger, which the Judge says he hopes to get back.

Linney's expense account is by far the largest. It is $1,100. He gave three preachers $5 each. One of them, he says, is a Hardshell Baptist and a Democrat. He gave Hal Ayer $50 for extra copies of the *Caucasian*.

J. J. Martin, the Republican elector, puts down "whiskey" as an item in his expense account.

J. E. Fowler, Populist Congressman in the Third, files his expenses at $196.

Ham Jones, the Republican sheriff of Wake, has arranged his bond with a New York Guarantee Company.

Senator Butler is expected in the city in a few days.

Columbus Court.

An interesting case will come up before Columbus Court to-day at Whiteville. The defendants are Jas. Haynes and Alex. Grist, colored men, charged with the murder of a young white man (Jno. Lee), who it will be remembered was shot while in bed asleep at his home in Whiteville a few months ago. The negroes were tracked by the A. C. L.'s bloodhounds.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 30 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 30 cents. tf

One hundred different bargains to-day at C. W. Polvogt & Co.'s, all of which will be sold for cash only. †

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Lost,

A BUNCH OF KEYS ON TURNPIKE ROAD between Wilmington and Masonboro Sound. Owner's name on key ring. Finder will be rewarded by returning same to nov 13 tf STAR OFFICE.

We Do Not Sell the Cheap Kind of Witch Hazel.

It does not pay to do so. Our brand is HAZEL BLOOM and it is absolutely pure. When you buy Medicine buy the best, it is cheapest in the long run. We ask 25 cents a pint for our Hazel Bloom.

JAMES D. NUTT,
nov 13 tf The Druggist.

VISIT THE STORE OF

C. W. Polvogt & Co.,

No. 9 North Front St.

DURING THIS WEEK AND SEE THE NEW GOODS THEY HAVE OPENED, CONSISTING OF

Stylish Dress Goods, Trimmings, Carpets, Rugs,

LADIES' JACKETS AND CAPES,

Blankets and Comforters.

The largest Carpet and Window Shade Department in the State.
Special attention paid to making and laying Carpets.
The Best $1.00 Kid Glove in the city. Every pair warranted.

Friday, Our Bargain Day.

C. W. Polvogt & Co.,

Sole Agents for Butterick's Patterns and W. B. Corsets.
Samples sent on application. nov 8 tf

Clothing, Clothing,

For sale at a Bargain at Wilmington's Big Racket Store, where we are making a special drive in Good, New, Cheap Suits for men and boys.

BOYS' SUITS—We will describe them the best we can, and guarantee them as represented. Small Knit Jersey Suits, all wool, nicely trimmed, for small boys, at $1.25 a Suit. Larger Suits and better trimmed, at $1.50. Blue Flannel Sailor Suits, from 4 to 8 years, trimmed in white braid, at 98c and $1.25 a Suit. Worsted Suits, from 4 to 14 years, at $1.75. Beautiful well made Square Cut Suits, from 3 to 14 years old, strictly all wool, good colors, at $2.00. Better and heavier Suits, from 8 to 16 years old, at $3.00, 3.25 and 3.50. Youths' 3-piece Suits, long pants, all wool, well made, at $3.50; better at $4.50 and 5.00 a Suit.

MEN'S SUITS—A heavy Blue Twilled Flannel at $3.50. In Grey and Blue Flannel, rough goods, at $3.75; better at $4.50. We have just received one lot of fine all wool black Melton Cloth, heavy, warm and smooth and well made Men's Suits at $5.00 a Suit. A very fine Scotch Cheviot, in assorted colors, at $6.50. Beautiful all wool well made Business Suits, different new fall colors, at $7.50. Finer Suits at $9.00. Clay Worsted Suits, strictly all wool, at $8.00. Better and the best Suits on the market at $13.50. A very well made black Corkscrew Suit at $5.00.

MEN'S AND BOYS' OVERCOATS and Macintoshes—Men's very long, heavy, warm Ulsters at $2.00 and 2.50 each. Overcoats at $3.00, 3.50 and 4.50. Gent's fine Beaver Cloth Overcoats, fold seam, strictly all wool, well made, Overcoats worth $10.00 our special price is $6.50 each. This is a small lot we close out at a special price. A few boys' Overcoats in small sizes at $1.48 each. All wool, larger, finer, heavier Coats at $4.50 each. Men's fine Macintosh Coats with long capes at $2.75, 3 25, 4 50, 5 00, 6 50 each. Ladies' from $3 00, 3 25 to 3.50 each.

We have given you a very general idea of what Clothing we carry, now let's talk about Odd Pants and Underwear. Men's heavy Jeans Pants at 45c; better at 60c. Very heavy and well made at 75c and $1.00. Cottonade Pants at 50 and 75c. Blue and Black Flannel Pants at 85c a pair. Very nice Pants, all wool, at $1 35 a pair. Very thick all wool, warm Pants at $1.75 a pair. Better black Clay Worsted at $2.00, and fine black Cassimere Pants at $1.75. Very nice Pants in fine styles at $2.50 and 3.00 a pair. We have all grades and sizes of Undershirts.

We are at 119 North Front street, opposite the Orton Hotel.

Braddy & Caylord, Prop.

Of Wilmington's Big Racket Store.

nov6tf

BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES "THE PEACE-MAKERS"

WE HAVE A LINE OF THE ABOVE CELEBRATED STOVES.

Will guarantee them to be the finest goods on the market. Only porcelain lined ovens made that will stand.

The Heating Stoves are just superb. All we ask is an examination of the goods.

Wm. H. Springer & Co.,

SOLE AGENTS,
"PURCELL" BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. oct 21 tf

A TREMENDOUS STOCK TO SELECT FROM.

Domestics.

Splendid Unbleaching 5c yard.
Yard wide Unbleaching 4c yard.
Heavy for Hot Beds 5c yard.
Turkey Red Table Cloth 30c yard.
75c grade 49c yard.
10-4 Unbleached Sheeting 15c yard.
Bleached Pillow Casing 10c yard.
Splendid values in Towels—5, 10, 15 and 18c.
Heavy Canton Flannel 5 and 8c.
Pants Cloth 8, 10, 15 to 50c yard.
Splendid Towelling 6, 8 and 10c.
Mattress Ticking at 5 and 8c.
Feather Ticking 10 and 15c.
Remnants 10 and 12½c; Sheeting 7½c.
Medicated Red and Wht e Flannel 25c.
Checked Homespun 3, 4 and 5c.

Dress Goods.

Beautiful Plaids 5c yard.
40c All-Wool French Serge 29c.
Navy and Blue Serge 15, 20 and 49c.
75c Crepons only 49c.
58 inch All-Wool Flannels 49c.
New line 40c Dress Goods 25c.
15c quality Flannelets 10c.
Apron and Dress Ginghams 5c.
Splendid Flannelet 5c.
All-Wool Shepherd Plaids 39c.
45 inch Silk and Wool Dress Goods 38c.
Plushes and Velvet 25c yard.
Latest styles of Dress Trimmings.
27 inch Changeable Silks 50c.
Plain Satin Silks 39c.
Fast Colors Calicoes 5c.
Beautiful line of Draperies 12½c.

Cut Prices in Boots, Shoes, Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Carpets, Mattings, Rugs, Window Shades, Notions, &c. Crayon Portraits free when purchases amount to $10, or Framed Water Colored Pictures with $10 and $20 purchases. Ask for Punch Card. Phone 118.

J. H. Rehder & Co.,

Near Fourth Street Bridge. Car fare paid on purchases of $2 and up. Write for samples of Dress Goods. nov 8 tf

Boots, Boots, Boots.

BROGANS, BROGANS, BROGANS, BROGANS.

Harvard Ties, Harvard Ties.

Wholesale and Retail.

PETERSON & RULFS

oct 6 W tf 7 North Front Street, Wilmington, N. C.

GUNPOWDER,

A WHOLE CAR LOAD.

Unexampled Facilities for Handling. In Lots for Immediate Delivery.

Our magazine is on land and can be reached in any kind of weather, thus insuring prompt handling.

Country Merchants especially will find it to their interest to trade here as our PRICES ARE AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

Also every kind of House and Field Hardware that you may need.

Inspect Our Splendid Stock.

J. W. MURCHISON,
nov 7 tf Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, Nov. 13, 1896

PRINCIPLE OR SPOILS—WHICH?

It is announced that the Sound Money League of Chicago, composed of Democrats who helped elect McKinley, will keep up its organization, which means that unless the silver Democrats surrender and climb up on or crawl down to the Indianapolis platform they will continue to fight the Democratic party party and help elect Republican candidates, as they helped to elect McKinley President and Tanner Governor of Illinois. The so-called Sound Money Leagues in other cities and States will doubtless do likewise. Between these they will keep up the national organization and when the time for nominating candidates comes around again they will doubtless be prepared to put another brace of decoys in the field, unless they have concluded that a farce like that can't be played more than once in a generation. This action is supposed to be a response to the declaration that the fight for bimetallism will not be abandoned.

Just after the Democratic gold organs of the North had concluded their labors in behalf of McKinley they declared that the Democrats must get together and form around the nucleus that was left and get on the Indianapolis platform. A grand "nucleus," which succeeded with the aid of Republican votes in electing a single pair—twin curiosities—out of 357 Congressmen. This is the nucleus representing a sliver of a party, nine tenths of whom deserted their own platform and went into the Republican camp, while the other tenth didn't make tracks enough in the sand to be traced by. If these bolters from the Democratic party had stood loyally by the party as they would have expected the silver Democrats to stand by it if they had succeeded in dictating the platform, Wm. McKinley would not now be President-elect and Mark Hanna would not be the power behind the throne. But they knew this when they were giving McKinley aid and comfort, and co operating with Hanna, for that is what they got together for.

If the Democrats who contended for the full recognition of silver held the spoils of office above principle they might be willing to listen to overtures to bring the party together on any platform that held out a hope of success, but if they hold principle above the spoils of office they will listen to no proposition that contemplates the abandonment of bimetallism, for having been made the issue that will remain the issue until it triumphs or until the party falls to pieces. In the language of Zebulon B. Vance, of revered and honored memory, "the Democratic party is immortal, and cannot die while the people are true to themselves."

If the Democratic party were to surrender this issue it would surrender all, for that is all there is now practically to fight for. The Republicans having broken, as they say, "the Solid South," have abandoned sectionalism, and there will be no talk of and no apprehension of election laws to control elections in the South. The tariff will come up, but the Republicans have virtually abandoned the tariff for protection's sake, by declaring for a tariff for revenue with incidental protection, which is substantially the principle on which the Wilson tariff was framed, the difference between them being that it gave too much protection to suit old-fashioned Democrats and too little to suit the Republicans, so that now the tariff as an issue between the parties is not so much a matter of principle as of the rates of taxation. Of course the Democratic party will continue to contend for as low a rate as practicable, considering the needs of revenue and will vigorously oppose every effort of the Republicans to unnecessarily increase those rates. There are other questions involving economy of administration, on which the parties may differ, but the distinctive, looming issue will continue to be the question of bimetallism which must be settled right, and will not be quieted until it is settled.

There is more in it than the mere coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1 or any other ratio, for it provides for a continuous supply of money without continuous interference of Congress, and this is the only way the money monopoly held for the past twenty odd years by a comparatively small number of men can be broken, and the money of the country be made free to circulate as it should be.

The Democratic party of this country is as small to-day as it ever will be. It has just fought a grand fight against the most powerful combinations that were ever arrayed against any party, and although defeated came out of the fight with as much spirit and determination to resume the fight as any defeated party ever showed. It is in a better condition now to enter the field than it was the day it raised its bimetallic banner at Chicago. Its opponent must now assume the responsibility of settling the financial question in some way satisfactory to the people, and if it fails to do that the Democratic party which stood up for silver in the great fight will furnish "a nucleus" around which they can gather and sweep that party from power again as they swept it 1892 on a much less important issue, even if it be supported by the Democratic gold contingent that supported it in the late conflict.

THE AUDITOR'S REPORT.

We are indebted to the Raleigh *News and Observer* for the following summary of the State Auditor's forthcoming report, which is a matter of interest:

"The forthcoming Auditor's report will show the value of property in the State of North Carolina for 1895 to be $930,861,131, as against $334,479,901 the year previous, a decrease of $3,618,770. The real estate this year is valued at $159,885 584, as compared with $158,-088,064 the year before, or a decrease of $4,959,480. But the personal property shows an increase in value of $683 710, the valuation this year being $77,025,-547, as against $76,391 837 in 1895.

"There are 28,019,748 acres of land in the State, valued at $110,668,458, a decrease of $4,412,870 since 1895, when the land valuation was $115,081,328. Town lots show little change in value, being worth $48,167,181 in 1895, as against $48 006.741 in 1896.

"The items of personal property and their value are as follows: 162,010 horses valued at $6,814,938; 116,770 mules at $5,063,064; 880 jacks and jennies at $42,281; 42,510 goats at $91 593; 527,181 cattle at $4,493,893; 1 257 885 hogs at $1,783 074; 355,857 sheep, $343,-496; farming utensils, $13,602,455; money on hand and on deposit, $4,135,661; solvent credits, $15,97v,564; stock in incorporated companies, $3,771,780, all other personal property, $19,052 763.

"The unlisted taxables this year are $89,186 21. Last year they were only $55 454 27. This increase of $33,731 94 is due to the tax of $10 on lawyers, doctors and dentists imposed by the last Legislature, from which $18,790 was realized; the tax of 50 cents on each bed in every hotel and boarding house, which paid into the treasury $3,568, and the corporation tax which paid $5,910.

"The rate of taxation fixed by the last Legislature was 21½ cents for the State, instead of 23 cents as heretofore, and 18 cents for schools, as against 16 cents before. This caused an increase of $89,-068 80 in the school tax, and an increase in county taxes of $873,187 80.

"School taxes this year amounted to $847,578 87, as against $765,510 97 in 1894, and are divided as follows: White poll, $265,996 20; colored polls, $112,-019 61; bank and building and loan stock, $6,799 86; railroad property, $45,-184 37; general property (white), $409,-829.65; general property (colored) $14,-748 88.

County taxes in 1895 aggregated $1,-914,505.56, as compared with $1,089,-367.76 in 1894. The general taxes from counties were $657,468.43 and special taxes amounted to $409 458 57.

MINOR MENTION.

Before leaving New York this week, where he spent several days closing up the affairs of his committee, Chairman Hanna was entertained at luncheon by Isaac H. Seligman, one of New York's big bankers, and a member, we think, of the bond syndicate. There were thirty or forty prominent persons invited. It was an informal affair, but several speeches were made, one by Mr. Seligman in which he emphasized the importance of joint action in the future by the so called "national Democrats" and Republicans in settling the currency question. The press dispatch informs us that in response:

"Mr. Hanna spoke at some length and said that the administration recently chosen would go into office without pledges of any kind, and wholly uncommitted as regards the formation of the Cabinet. This statement was greeted with applause. Mr Hanna also spoke on the general character of the work done by both political organizations in the recent campaign and said that both the Republicans and National Democrats would preserve their organization intact to further the good work so auspiciously begun. He hoped this organization would be enabled to enlist all good citizens in the work still to be done to bring about a thoroughly good condition of business."

We judge from this that as there was a pretty good understanding between Mr. Hanna and the managers of the "National Democracy" during the campaign the understanding will continue and that they will be found pulling together, unless Mr. McKinley's administration may lean too far towards silver to suit the boss gold Democrats. But the query here suggests itself, anent the talk of reorganizing the Democratic party on the Indianapolis platform, where is the use of that if they and the Republicans are to pull together? Why not let Hanna manage the whole business as he did in the past campaign?

* * *

Some of the so-called Democratic gold organs in the North are aggrieved because some of the Republican organs are disposed to undervalue the assistance the "sound money" contingent rendered McKinley and show no inclination to be thankful for it. Among them is the Philadelphia *Record*, which thus protests:

"By assuming that the Republicans in the States which have given majorities for McKinley would vote this year on the money question as they did in 1894, when the money question was not in issue, the New York *Tribune* proves, apparently to its own satisfaction, that while Mr. McKinley should feel highly complimented by the votes given to him or kept away from Bryan by Sound Money Democrats, he is under no special obligations for their help, as he would have been elected without it. This way of putting the thing is, however, more clever than clear. If the *Tribune* should take the trouble to consult some of the gentlemen who were the active managers of its party in the recent campaign it would find that there was a heavy percentage of Republican voters in the McKinley States who were converts to Silverism. This defasit was made good by Democrats who voted directly for McKinley in order to defeat free silver coinage, and consequent repudiation."

It is rough on the gentlemen who marched under the McKinley banner to find themselves thus ignored after the victory is won, but still it is nothing more than was to be expected and nothing more than the miserable treachery of putting up a decoy ticket to deceive Democrats who would not vote for McKinley deserves.

BOOK NOTICES.

The children will be delighted with *The Chatterbox* for November, which is filled with reading to please them, and gay with illustrations, which they will enjoy. Published by Estes & Lauriat, Boston, Mass.

Gunton's Magazine for November presents a full list of contents, most of the articles being on monetary, economic and industrial topics. Published by The Political Science Publishing Company, Union Square, New York.

Much space is given in the November *Review of Reviews* to the treatment of questions at issue in the past campaign, and to the discussion of the election. In addition to this and other matters, "The Progress of the World" will be found interesting and instructive. This number is, as usual, well illustrated. Address Review of Reviews, No. 13 Astor Place, New York.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The indications are that there will be enough of the Democratic party to do considerable business with in 1900.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

—— More tariff taxation is one of the first promises of the new administration. Comfort yourself with "the purchasing power of the dollar," whether you ever get the dollar or not.—*Indianapolis Sentinel, Dem.*

—— The leading Republican organs, it is interesting to note, are now solemnly calling upon the "sound money" Democrats in the Senate to help the Republicans to control that body and make Republican legislation easy and successful. The suggestion has the merit of simplicity. We shall see later how it will work.—*Charleston News and Courier, Dem.*

—— Comptroller Eckels approves of the dismissal of those Government employes who supported the Democratic ticket. Coming from a man who draws an official salary and spends the major portion of his time going about the country reviling the voters who made his season of office-holding possible, this is decidedly refreshing.—*New York Jonrnal, Dem.*

—— There might be more respect for the Indianapolitans if they had stuck to their own platform. But they didn't do this. The vast majority of them, after deserting the Democratic party, deserted their own pretence of an organization, and voted with the Republicans. They deserted twice in a very brief period. The acted the part, not only the traitor, but of the double traitor.—*Richmond Dispatch, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

— "Why don't you take something for that cold you've got?"

"Great Scott! I don't want anything for it—I'd give it away if I could."—*Roxbury Gazette.*

— Rev. Dr. Angell—"I am informed, my good friend, that you're losing money on fast horses"

Frank Speede—'Your information is all wrong. I'm losing my money on slow horses."—*N. Y. World.*

— "Sue Fosdick is a very prepossessing girl, isn't she?" said Mrs. Taddells to Mrs. Wiffles.

"I should say she was," replied the latter lady. "She gets engaged to every young man who arrives at the hotel before the rest of the girls can get an introduction."—*Harper's Bazar.*

— Guile—I hear that Spouter is not entirely responsible for the unfounded charges that he made. They say that the audience egged him on.

Quay—No, they egged him off.

— "My daughter is entirely too young to marry," snorted old Goldrick.

"Well," replied the dejected suitor, what would you say to my taking her marriage dot now and waiting a few years for the girl?"—*Detroit Free Press.*

— "I hear, dear, that you have broken your engagement with Fred."

"Yes, dear, we are unsuited to each other, all through the Easly Closing Association."

"The what? The Early Closing Association!"

"Yes. Our shop closes now for the half day on Thursdays, and his office only closes early on Saturdays."

Appointments for Visitation by the Bishop of East Carolina.

November 15, Sunday, 24th Trinity, Plymouth, Grace.

November 18, Wednesday, Williamston, Advent.

November 20, Friday, Greenville, S. Paul's.

November 22, Sunday, before Advent, M. P., Beaufort county, Zion Church.

November 22, Sunday, before Advent, E. P., Washington, S. Peter's.

November 26, Thursday, Thanksgiving, Chocowinity, Trinity.

November 27, Friday, Beaufort county, Calvary Chapel.

November 29th, Sunday, 1st in Advent, M. P., Pitt county, S. John's.

November 29, Sunday, 1st in Advent, E. P., Pitt county, S. Michael's.

December 2, Wednesday, Pitt county, Dawson's School House.

December 6, Sunday, 2d in Advent, M. P., Lenoir county, Holy Innocents.

December 6, Sunday, 2d in Advent, E. P., Kinston, S. Mary's.

December 8, Tuesday, E. P., Trenton, Grace.

December 9, Wednesday, Com., Trenton, Grace.

December 13 Sunday, 3rd in Advent, M. P., Snow Hill, S. Barnabas.

December 15, Tuesday, M. P., Farmville, Emanuel.

December 16 Wednesday, E. P., Hamilton, S. Martin's.

December 17, Thursday, Com., Hamilton, S. Martin's.

December 18, Friday, E. P., Winston, S. John's.

December 19, Saturday, Com., Winston, S. John's.

December 20, Sunday, 4th in Advent, Murfreesboro, S. Barnabas.

December 25 Christmas, Woodville, Bertie county, Grace.

December 27, Sunday after Christmas, M. P., Roxobel, S. Mark's.

M. P.—Morning Prayer.

E. P.—Evening Prayer.

Com.—Communion.

At all Morning Services the Holy Communion.

The Vestries will please be ready to meet the Bishop.

The Children will please be prepared to be catechized.

Offerings for Diocesan Missions unless otherwise announced.

— Winston *Sentinel*: Mr. Felix Sowers, a farmer of Reedy Creek, Davidson county, dropped dead in his son in-law's wagon, near Davis School, last evening. He was going home with his son-in-law, Mr. Todd. He brought tobacco to Winston yesterday and sold it. Deceased was 80 years old. Heart trouble was the cause of his death.

Don't dally with rheumatism. Purify your blood and cure it at once by taking a course of Hood's Sarsaparilla. †

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Charlotte *News*: Mrs. R. E. Allen, after months of intense suffering, quietly fell asleep at 9.15 this morning, aged 83 years.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: The death of Mrs. Sarah J. Peele, widow of the late Gen. W. Peele, of New Hope township, and a most excellent woman, occurred at her home in that township on the night of the 31st, in the 64th year of her age.

— Laurinburg *Exchange*: A howl is coming up all over the State about the election of negro magistrates. Richmond county has her share. A strange thing about it is that we cannot get a white man to acknowledge that he voted for one, but some of them must have done so.

— Greensboro *Record*: Capt. Jas. M. Sutton, the defeated Republican candidate for the House from this county in the recent election, died suddenly at his home near Gibsonville last night at 11 o'clock of heart failure. He was around the village yesterday, and seemed in his usual health.

— Rocky Mount *Phœnix*: We are informed by a reliable business man that a farmer in Nash county found some time ago a diamond of the size of a guinea egg. It was found some years ago. The business man states that he offered to advance $100 on it for the farmer to send it on to be examined by experts.

— Durham *Sun*: It is learned that a farmer who was in the city yesterday went to one of our banks to exchange some greenbacks for gold. He had heard that some of our manufacturing concerns on last Saturday had paid off their employes in gold He had some greenbacks that he brought to town with him to exchange for gold. He only succeeded, so we are told, in getting ten dollars of the yellow metal.

— Wilkesboro *Chronicle*: Some of the fellows in this county who voted the Republican ticket are expecting McKinley to repeal the tax on whiskey and brandy. The Republican leaders, these fellows say, promised that this should be done as soon as McKinley is inaugurated President, and they believe it. ——The revenues cut up a blockade distillery in the lower end of the county near the Yadkin line, last Saturday night. It was in full blast, and four men were working in it. One got away, and the others were brought to town and were bound over to Federal court.

SOMETHING ABOUT CHIMNEYS.

Smoke Escaped Through Holes In Roofs Seven Centuries Ago.

"Speaking about chimneys, they are not very old when you think of other things," a building contractor remarked, breaking into a description of a new building. "They were not in use in England before the twelfth century. In early times, you know, people allowed the smoke to escape through ventilators, as we would call them, in the roofs, just as Indians allow smoke to escape through holes at the tops of tents. According to the custom then, the braziers were placed in the center of the hall so that the smoke and fumes could rise. In some of the chambers of castles that were built may be seen fireplaces, but no chimneys. The fireplaces have semicircular backs and semicircular arches over the openings. Where they project a little distance from the wall the flues run up the walls a few feet and then outward. The outer openings are small oblong holes. It must have been a queer sight to see smoke coming out of the side of a castle all the time. How they managed to create a draft is more than I know. I wonder whether the dwellers in flats would growl more if we made fireplaces that way.

"The rooms must have been smoky, because in the next century the people tried to get rid of the smoke by extending the flues up to the tops of the walls. In the fourteenth century the chimneys were usually very short. Later they were circular and of great height. Perhaps when some of the tops were blown off the people discovered that the draft was sufficient with them lower. In the course of time builders changed the forms of chimneys and gave them some ornamentation. The town where they made their hasty descent was not far from Oldport, and some of the crowd which collected immediately recognizing Tommy his parents were at once sent for. The poor crazy aeronaut was more seriously injured than Tommy and was carried to a hospital by the friends who had really been in search of him and whom he had fancied his enemies. He was insane only at intervals, and while in Poppleton arranging for his balloon ascension no one had noticed anything strange in his manner. Need I tell you that it was Tommy's last as well as his first ride in a balloon?—New York News.

Our Primary Education.

One cannot have had any experience of the instruction of European boys and girls without being conscious of the radical contrast between the spirit of the elementary schoolroom abroad and in this country. There is among the little people abroad a peculiar sort of application of which among American children you will find not the smallest trace. It is not a question of industry. The juvenile American is as willing to learn and as quick about it as any other. It is a matter of mental attitude. The schoolroom where European children acquire the rudiments of education is, in some unanalyzable way, a quieter, remoter spot—one more shut off from the distractions that come from without, and notably more serious.

Learning may look to the youthful minds within those walls to be a dull thing, but it is certain, without their being aware of it, to seem a dignified thing. And the routine has a repose that gradually acts upon the juvenile scholar until it shapes him to this application—to a mood of patient attentiveness and a sort of ruminating receptivity that, so far as ultimate fruitfulness is concerned, may in every instance be safely preferred to all the precocious personal "brightness" and "alertness" in the world.—Scribner's.

RACE CHARACTERISTICS.

Legend of the Broken Devil and Its Influence Upon Mankind.

The personified devil has had many queer stories told regarding himself and his doings, but it is doubtful if there is a more curious one than that known to the gleaners of mediæval folklore as the "Legend of the Broken Devil." According to the story, which is given in Kinsey's "Book of European Myths" and also in Olsson's "Skandinavian Folklore," when the devil was cast out of heaven he struck the earth at a place in the Swiss Alps which to this day bears the name of Devil's Light. Judging from the broken place in the mountain, which is about one-half mile wide by four miles long, the fall was not only "far and swift," but the devil was a pretty good size. The indentation in the mountain is not the only result of the fall (or rather of the "light"), if we are to believe the legend. According to the story the poor devil was broken into four different pieces, and each of these four pieces rolled off in a different direction. The "head, horns and horrid bloodshot eyes" rolled off into savage country, which in later times was named Spain. The heart, which "slowly pulsated for years and at each rise and fall gushed torrents of blue black blood," lodged in a mountain gorge in a country which has since been named Italy. The stomach, "horrid machine for grinding infants' bones and generating sulphurous flames which were from time to time belched out between the fanglike teeth," found lodgment in Germany, and the feet, "which never yet had trodden the horrid paths of hell, but were cloven for such awful purposes," did not stop after the break until they reached the center of France.

The people of those four different countries immediately began to worship the parts of the devil which had alighted in their respective territory, and since that day the Spaniards have been haughty, the Italians amorous, the Germans gluttons and the French great dancers.—St. Louis Republic.

A Family Possession.

Little Mabel—Papa, does our family own a planet?

Papa—What nonsense, child! Who put that idea into your head?

Little M.—Why, I asked sister last night what big star it was above us, and she said it wasn't a star, but a planet, and that it was ma's.—Brooklyn Life.

In machine sizing—that is, the sizing of paper by a machine process—a solution of gelatin is employed. The quality of the gelatin used depends upon the kind of paper so be made. For the finest qualities of note paper the best grades of gelatin must be employed.

A BALLOON RIDE.

There was to be a balloon ascension on the common in Poppleton. Tommy Hayden had made friends with the aeronaut and had got permission to make the ascent with him.

It was 3 o'clock, and the crowd were beginning to be impatient, when all at once the aeronaut came and whispered in Tommy's ear:

"Well, what do you think now? Do you want to go?"

Tommy answered "Yes" as decidedly as before, and almost before he could realize his good fortune he was in the car of the balloon, and the man standing beside him had given the word to the attendants, and they were sailing up through the air with a velocity that almost took away his breath.

Then the balloon sailed away from Poppleton, or rather from the Poppleton skies, for it seemed to Tommy that they had got as high up into the sky as anybody ever did, and he had begun to wonder if he wasn't going to heaven like Enoch, whom he had read about in his Sabbath school lesson, but soon found they were floating over toward Oldport. Then directly they were sailing over the ships in Oldport harbor, straight toward the ocean. And Tommy began to be a little alarmed.

"I think we have been far enough. I think we should go back now," he said anxiously.

"Go back!" cried the aeronaut, who seemed to be enjoying himself very much, his black eyes glowing and his thin cheeks flushed. "Why, we haven't fairly begun our journey yet. My dear boy, do you know where we are going?" And he whispered as mysteriously as if there were somebody near to hear. "We are going to accomplish the most wonderful feat the world has ever witnessed! We are going directly across the Atlantic! We shall land at Liverpool in two days! Think of it! I thought of going to the moon at first, but after you decided to accompany me I changed my mind, thinking it would be pleasanter for you to visit Europe, for I have made one journey to the moon, and it is not by any means so fine a place as it is supposed to be—cold and disagreeable, my boy.' And he shrugged his shoulders and wrapped his coat still more closely around him.

Tommy looked at him in astonishment, which soon changed to terror as he began to realize that he must be insane. But if he were so why had no one discovered it?

"I don't want to go to Europe. I would much rather go back to Poppleton," said Tommy, trying to speak coolly, though his voice shook with fear.

"Go back to Poppleton, you little coward! You are afraid," said the aeronaut, looking eagerly at Tommy, whose great blue eyes were beginning to fill with tears.

"No, no. I al-ain't!" sobbed Tommy. "But I've rode long enough."

"What a fool you are!" said the man. "This is glorious, glorious!" And out went another bag of sand and up went the balloon higher still into the air, until now the vessels looked like nothing more than flies crawling over the bay.

But just at that moment, as by a miracle, Tommy thought, the wind veered and wafted them toward the shore of the bay—in an opposite direction from Poppleton, to be sure; but merely to have land instead of that dreadful water under him would be happiness, Tommy thought.

But the madman—there could be no doubt that he was such—took alarm at once. He conceived the idea that enemies were waiting for him on the shore and he declared that he preferred to drop down into the water rather than fall into their hands, and to Tommy's terror he pulled a string that hung near his hand and the balloon began to descend with frightful rapidity. They could hear the shouts of the sailors on the vessels. Tommy held his breath, awaiting the end, when all at once a thought struck him, and acting upon it instantly he threw one of the remaining bags of sand out of the car. Another followed it before the aeronaut could stay his hand, and the balloon rose again, still drifting toward the shore. Before the maniac, astonished at Tommy's boldness, had presence of mind enough to pull the string again, they hung over the edge of the land, which had never looked so inviting to Tommy's eyes before.

Then he pulled the string, but more forcibly than he meant. He felt as if the wind was rushing in upon him and he was stationary. There was a great rushing noise in his ears, and then he felt a shock, as if heaven and earth had crushed together. And then all was a blank.

It was a long time before he came back to consciousness, and then his mother's face, which he had never expected to see again, was bending over him. His first feeling was surprise and thankfulness to find himself alive, and the next anxiety to learn the fate of his companion. And when he heard how narrow his escape had been, you may be sure his hair stood up straighter and his blue eyes grew rounder than ever before. The balloon caught in a tree, and that was all that saved them both from being dashed to pieces. The town where they made their hasty descent was not far from Oldport, and some of the crowd which collected immediately recognizing Tommy his parents were at once sent for. The poor crazy aeronaut was more seriously injured than Tommy and was carried to a hospital by the friends who had really been in search of him and whom he had fancied his enemies. He was insane only at intervals, and while in Poppleton arranging for his balloon ascension no one had noticed anything strange in his manner. Need I tell you that it was Tommy's last as well as his first ride in a balloon?—New York News.

Our Primary Education.

One cannot have had any experience of the instruction of European boys and girls without being conscious of the radical contrast between the spirit of the elementary schoolroom abroad and in this country. There is among the little people abroad a peculiar sort of application of which among American children you will find not the smallest trace. It is not a question of industry. The juvenile American is as willing to learn and as quick about it as any other. It is a matter of mental attitude. The schoolroom where European children acquire the rudiments of education is, in some unanalyzable way, a quieter, remoter spot—one more shut off from the distractions that come from without, and notably more serious.

Learning may look to the youthful minds within those walls to be a dull thing, but it is certain, without their being aware of it, to seem a dignified thing. And the routine has a repose that gradually acts upon the juvenile scholar until it shapes him to this application—to a mood of patient attentiveness and a sort of ruminating receptivity that, so far as ultimate fruitfulness is concerned, may in every instance be safely preferred to all the precocious personal "brightness" and "alertness" in the world.—Scribner's.

Chinese Implement Gods.

Every Chinese implement has its deity. There is a god of knives, another of spades, another of hatchets, another of swords. Every kind of animal has its deity. One god presides over the cattle, another over the sheep, another over the dogs and another over the fleas that devour the dogs.

One of the strongest natural proofs of the folly of hereditary right in kings is that nature disapproves it. Otherwise she would not so frequently turn it into ridicule by giving mankind an ass in place of a lion.—Thomas Paine.

One of the heaviest snowfalls known in this country was Feb. 19 to 24, 1717, when the snow remained five to seven feet deep all over New England.

No Protestant church is allowed within the walls of Rome. They are situated just outside the Popolo gate.

Let the Test Be Made.

Cumso—I'd like to see a photograph of a cloud made with the cathodic ray.

Cawker—Why?

Cumso—I'm suspicious about the silver lining.—Detroit Free Press.

Much in Little

Is especially true of Hood's Pills, for no medicine ever contained so great curative power in so small space. They are a whole medicine chest, always ready, always efficient, always satisfactory; prevent a cold or fever, cure all liver ills, sick headache, jaundice, constipation, etc. 25c. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

CORNELIUS CORNWALL—Don't call me Mr. Cornwall, Alice, it is so formal, you know. Call me Cornelius.
MISS ALICE—It's all you Corn it—if—
"If what, darling?"
"If I thought you'd pop, and smoke Pick Leaf."
Mr. Cornwall is now engaged.
Moral: Always smoke

LYON & CO'S
PICK LEAF
EXTRA
SMOKING TOBACCO

Made from the Purest, Ripest and Sweetest leaf grown in the Golden Belt of North Carolina. Cigarette Book goes with each 2-oz. pouch.
ALL FOR 10 CENTS.
A Pleasant, Cool and Delightful Smoke.
LYON & CO. TOBACCO WORKS, DURHAM, N. C.

APPOINTMENTS.

Wilmington District—W. S. Rone, P. E.

Kenansville circuit, Rose Hill, November 14, 15.

Magnolia circuit, Providence, November 15, 16.

Columbus circuit, Cerro Gordo, November 20 21.

Whiteville and Fair Bluff, Whiteville, Nov. 22, 23.

Waccamaw circuit, Zion, Nov. 24.

Bladen circuit, Antioch, Nov. 28, 29.

Wilmington, Bladen Street, Dec. 3.

Oaslow circuit, Tabernacle, Dec. 5, 6

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only Fifty cents at R. R. BELLANY'S Drug Store. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute			6
Standard			6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams, ℔ ℔	12	@	14
Sides, ℔ ℔	6	@	7
Shoulders, ℔ ℔	6	@	6¼
DRY SALTED—			
Sides, ℔ ℔	4½	@	4¾
Shoulders, ℔ ℔		@	4¼
BARRELS—Spirit Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 00
BEESWAX, ℔ ℔	23	@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington, ℔ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina, ℔ ℔	15	@	
Northern	23	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks	40	@	47½
Virginia Meal	40	@	40
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	1 10
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State		@	10
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	10	@	16
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¾
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	7	@	8
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	3 25
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 75	@	6 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
Extra	3 25	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade	3 25	@	3 00
Choice	3 25	@	3 25
Straight	4 10	@	4 00
Fancy	4 25	@	4 50
First Patent	4 45	@	4 50
GLUE, ℔ ℔—			5½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			45
Corn, from store, bags—White		@	45½
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White		@	40
Corn, cargo, in bags—White		@	40
Oats, from store	30	@	33½
Oats, Rust Proof	40	@	45
Cow Peas	45	@	50
HIDES, ℔ ℔—			
Green		@	3
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔s—			
Eastern		@	1 05
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		@	3½
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5	@	6
North Carolina	5	@	10
LIME, ℔ barrel		@	1 35
LUMBER(city sawed), ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	2000
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	28
" " in bbls		@	30
Porto Rico, in hhds	25	@	29
" in bbls		@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	13	@	14
" " in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	13	@	
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut 60d basis	2 35	@	2 40
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	8 50	@	9 00
Rump		@	8 00
Prime		@	8 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	12½
SALT, ℔ sack Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	90
Lisbon		@	
Amalgam		@	65
On 128 ℔ Sacks	40	@	45
SHINGLES, Cash, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Raft	3 50	@	3 80
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Granu'd		@	5¼
Standard A		@	4½
White Ex. C		@	4¼
Extra C, Golden		@	4
C, Yell'w		@	3¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern		@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	9 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	5 00	@	6 00
Common Mill	4 00	@	5 00
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
TALLOW, ℔ ℔	5	@	
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE November 13.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 35½ cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 25 cents for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 50 per bbl for Strained and $1 55 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 05 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Firm. Hard 1.40, Yellow Dip 2.00 and Virgin 1 90 per barrel.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 25¾@24½c; rosin, strained, $1 25; good strained $1 30, tar $1 30; crude turpentine $1 10, 1 50, 1 60.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	167
Rosin	595
Tar	118
Crude Turpentine	33

Receipts same day last year—167 casks spirits turpentine, 1,115 bbls rosin, 498 bbls tar, 92 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 7¾c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5	cts	℔
Good Ordinary	6¾	"	"
Low Middling	7	"	"
Middling	7¾	"	"
Good Middling	7 11-16	"	"

Same day last year, middling 8c.

Receipts—3,099 bales; same day last year 1,218.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime; 40@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c.

CORN—Firm; 38 to 40 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 9 to 11½c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 7½c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand,

Castoria

for

Infants and Children.

MOTHERS

Do You Know that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfry's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poison?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Pitcher? That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well These Things are worth knowing. They are facts.

Children Cry

FOR PITCHER'S

Castoria

CASTORIA DESTROYS WORMS, ALLAYS FEVERISHNESS, CURES DIARRHŒA AND WIND COLIC, RELIEVES TEETHING TROUBLES AND CURES CONSTIPATION AND FLATULENCY.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray St., N. Y.

FASHIONS CHANGE

BUT

POZZONI'S

Complexion

POWDER

REMAINS ALWAYS THE SAME.

The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless: and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried

POZZONI'S

you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

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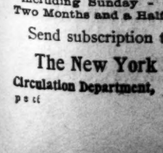

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B.B.B. BOTANIC BLOOD BALM

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR ALL BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES

Has been thoroughly tested by eminent physicians and the people for 40 years, and cures quickly and permanently

SCROFULA, ULCERS, ECZEMA, RHEUMATISM, CATARRH, ERUPTIONS, and all manner of RATING, SPREADING and RUNNING SORES. It is by far the best tonic and blood purifier ever offered to the world. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5. For sale by druggists.

SENT FREE WONDERFUL CURES. BOOK OF BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

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Are You Afraid?

TO READ BOTH SIDES OF THE QUESTION?

The New York Journal is the only Metropolitan paper indorsing

Bryan and Sewall

and it daily publishes articles by the leading financiers of the country on both sides of the question,

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p s tf

The Morning Star.

PLAINT OF THE HEROINE OF FICTION.

I once had lovely golden hair,
Or raven hair—no matter which.
I was as good and sweet and fair
As any angel in a niche.
Or, if I did a little wrong,
It was to prove me human still.
My feelings were extremely strong,
But I had disciplined my will.

A change has come—and what a change!
With awful problems I am vexed,
From crime to crime I reckless range,
I know not what will happen next.
From frantic woe to frantic bliss,
From frantic wrath to frantic glee—
I never wished to be like this!
I can't make out what's come to me!

Gone are my gayety and cheer,
Gone is my hero bold and true,
In my hysterical career
I very often long for you!
Now me, all other woes above,
My bitter destiny compels
To wed a man I do not love,
Then fall in love with some one else.

Yet me how would you recognize,
O Hero, if you met me now?
What scorn would lighten from your eyes
And corrugate your manly brow!
The modern hero I have found,
Upon the whole, I do not like.
He's either stupid or unsound,
And if I were not worse I'd strike.

But I am worse—I never guessed
How bad I could be till I tried,
Compelled too often to arrest
My headlong course by suicide,
And though I cease from guilt and slang,
A fresh reprieve I fain would beg,
For other authors seem to hang
Theories on me like a peg.

Ah, yet I long a little share
Of happiness and love to find.
Again I would be gay and fair,
Loyal and chivalrous and kind!
Ah! do not bid me rant and rave.
Ah! do not bid me preach and bore.
Give back my Hero, true and brave,
Whom I shall love forever more.
—May Kendall in Longman's Magazine.

THE PLOT SPOILED.

She was sitting in the corner of the carriage opposite to me, and we had got into conversation via the window, which I pulled down for her, and a magazine, which I lent her. She agreed with me that it was a hot day and that the magazine was stupid. A chance incident gave a more personal turn to the conversation. I took out my pocketbook to see that my ticket was safe and let a letter drop on the floor of the carriage. The letter was addressed to the Earl of Dunmore. Her eyes fell on it, and she looked at me with a pleased smile.

"Is that you? Are you an earl?" she asked.

Now I may at once state that I am not an earl, and that the letter was not addressed to me, but was intended for my autograph collection. Yet she was pretty, and I thought she seemed pleased at the idea that I was an earl. The only other occupants of the carriage were two somnolent old ladies, who were not likely to overhear me, so I decided to be an earl, and condescendingly admitted the fact.

"I'm so glad," she answered. "I did so want to meet a real lord."

"I am gratified that my presence is any pleasure to you," I said, wondering whether she was an American or merely an ordinary radical.

"You see," she replied, "I write a little."

"You're not going to interview me!" I exclaimed in real alarm, for the Earl of Dunmore might be a choleric man and the consequences unpleasant.

"Oh, no," she answered. "I don't write things like that. I write novels."

"A milder form of fiction," I suggested.

"Perhaps I've read your novels."

"I'm afraid an earl wouldn't have read them. They only come out in penny editions," she said wistfully. "But I'm writing a serial story for a Sunday paper now. That's better, isn't it?"

"Much better. You're getting on," I replied, with increased interest in my companion, for I had long wished to know what kind of person writes penny dreadfuls. "But are you going to put me into the serial story?"

"Would you mind much?" she asked.

"Well, if you don't give my name," I said.

"It's awfully good of you," she answered gratefully, "and you can tell me a lot of things I want to know. You see, people who buy penny books like them to be about lords, and it's so hard to write about lords when you've never met one."

"If I can be of any assistance," I said.

"Thank you very much," she said. "Now tell me, are you a bad lord or a good lord? They're always very bad or very good, aren't they?"

"Generally," I said. "I'm afraid I'm one of the bad kind."

"I'm so glad," she answered. "There's a good marquis in my story. He's the hero, and I can write about him pretty easily, because he comes to see the humble heroine. And there's a bad earl. He's the villain, and he lives in his castle, and that's what makes it so hard. How are you so bad?"

"Oh, I'm pretty bad all round," I said. "It's not necessary to be particular to a crime or two in drawing my character. I'm sorry that I can't tell you much about my crimes. The police, you know. That's the worst of a democracy."

"Oh, I like that," she replied. "I'll certainly put that in. But you might tell me about them. I wouldn't let any one know they were yours."

"I am not alone in these matters," I said mysteriously. "I am sworn to a silence as deep as the grave. I wish I could be more explicit. Our crimes are so unlike the petty crimes of the people."

"Are you going to your castle now?" she asked.

"No," I said; "I'm going to Kinton to stay with a man there. He's a mere commoner, but he's got money, and dice can be cogged, you know."

"You play with cogged dice, do you?" she answered. "How lovely! I'm going to Kinton, too," she added after a pause.

"Do you live there?" I asked, beginning to feel uneasy.

"No," she said. "I'm going to Mrs. Dawson's."

"Mrs. Dawson's?" I inquired faintly. "On a visit?"

"No," she said, "I am going as maid to Mrs. Dawson. I was in service, you know, before I took to literature, and I generally take a place for my summer holiday. It will be jolly. I've never been at so big a house before."

I was very uncomfortable, for I was going to stay at the house too.

It occurred to me at first to pretend that I was traveling incognito, but she would be certain to find me out. In all probability Mrs. Dawson would be in possession of the whole conversation in a day or two, and I should become a laughing stock. I am a shy man and averse to ridicule. Besides, for several reasons, I wished to produce a good impression on Mrs. Dawson.

I decided to make a clean breast of the whole thing to the young woman. When I had told her, she looked at me with unutterable contempt.

"Then you're not a lord at all," she said. "And was everything else you told me just as untrue?"

"I am afraid so," I answered.

"You ought to be ashamed of yourself," she went on. "You might have spoilt my novel altogether. I shall write to the Authors' society about you."

"I want you," I said, "not to tell any one."

I reasoned with her for some time, and eventually agreed to give her a sovereign down and three more if she kept the secret while I was at Kinton. We had only just concluded the agreement when we reached our destination. As we stopped, the young woman handed the sovereign back and said, with a smile:

"Mr. Trevor, you shouldn't pretend to be the Earl of Dunmore when your name is on your hatbox."

"Hello, Lena, here you are," exclaimed Mr. Dawson from the platform. "How do you do, Trevor? I didn't know you knew my niece."

"Please don't tell," I whispered.

"Of course not," she answered. "I have the eyes of a well bred countess." And she did not tell.—Exchange.

Other Use For His Jaw.

Cannibal Chief—What have you for dinner today, love?

Cannibal Chieftainess—The last lot are all gone but two typewriter girls. Have you any choice?

Cannibal Chief—No, my dear. That is a case in which I have no wish to dictate! —New York Press.

SPOKE FOR HERSELF.

Martel du Bois, a young man of good family, but of somewhat limited means, was at the breaking out of the French revolution affianced to the daughter of a tradesman named Zoulouche—a man of wealth, but no principle.

Celeste was pretty, artful, ambitious and treacherous, and when she thought it to her interest to get rid of her lover she secretly denounced him and he was arrested and thrown into prison.

Meantime a young widow, Mme. Romaine, who had secretly conceived a passion for him, on learning of his incarceration and its cause determined to save him. She went to the jailer, and by means of a bribe—for money was potent in those days as well as in these—obtained an interview. Du Bois was surprised at her visit.

"I have come," she said frankly, "in the hope that I may save a life for which I would freely give my own."

"I do not know as I understand you, madame!" replied the wondering prisoner.

"Probably not, for I am a woman, and women are sometimes enigmas even to themselves. I will not ask if you know me, for you certainly do not, but do you know my name?"

"Yes; you are Mme. Romaine, widow of Jules Romaine, daughter of Gustavus d'Auvergne—young, lovely, accomplished and rich."

"We have ten minutes to converse in private. You must escape from here and fly from France! You may be tried at any hour, and, once tried, you will be condemned and executed."

"But who so base as to denounce me, madame? I would know the name of my enemy, that if ever I do escape I may at some future time exact reparation for the injury."

"Oh, perfidy!" exclaimed Mme. Romaine. "Prepare yourself, Martel du Bois, to hear a terrible truth. Where you trusted most you have been most basely betrayed. Celeste Zoulouche is your secret denouncer."

"Impossible!" cried Du Bois, staggering under the mental blow. "Impossible! Mon Dieu! You are but trying my faith."

"We are wasting precious time," said the other, glancing at her watch. "Believe what I tell you. You will have corroborative evidence all too soon."

"Then welcome the guillotine! Why live in a world so treacherous and base!"

"But all are not like Celeste Zoulouche."

"Your own presence here, madame, is a proof of that. But my faith is shaken, and life seems of little worth."

"We should not be too selfish," rejoined Mme. Romaine hurriedly. "Live, Martel, or one of your friends will henceforth be wretched!"

"Is it so?" exclaimed Du Bois as the truth flashed upon him.

"This is no time for false delicacy," pursued the other, with agitation. "Circumstances have caused me to betray feelings you otherwise might never have suspected and for which even now I may be receiving your secret censure. But no matter! Let me but know you have escaped and are beyond the reach of your enemies and I can be happy, even should we never meet again."

"Censure you! Despise you for trying to save my life! Oh, madame, your words give me pain!"

"You will live then? You will escape?"

"If possible I will, if only for your sake."

"Quick, then, give ear to my plan. Here is a powder, of which you will take a small portion at a time. It will make you sick; you will look pale. Eat little or no food and you will lose your strength. The physician will be called and you will be removed to the hospital. Once there, I trust I shall be able to effect your escape. You will obey my instructions?"

"Religiously."

"Then, if your trial should not come on meantime, you may be saved. I go to watch and pray and hope. Adieu!"

He followed the directions of Mme. Romaine, and the third day after her visit he was removed to the hospital. Here he fell under the charge of a lay sister named Agnes.

"I know all!" she said to him at the first opportunity. "Julie Romaine is my cousin; I am her confidant. We have agreed upon a bold and novel plan for your escape. It is this: You must seem to get worse and worse, and at last, at the proper time, you must feign convulsions and appear to die. I will cover your face, and when the chief physician comes his rounds announce your death. If he takes my word for it, all will be well; if not, we may fail. That is our risk."

"And suppose he leaves me for dead—what then?"

"Then, after dark, I will pretend to have received an order to have you conveyed to the dissecting room, where you will be provided with a surgeon's suit, in which disguise you must escape."

Near the close of his fourth day in the hospital Martel du Bois was seen by more than one person in convulsions. An hour or two later, when the physician made his rounds, he was covered with a sheet.

"There is no more need of your services here," said Sister Agnes calmly, as she intercepted him. "The next patient seems worse. Will you be kind enough to see him at once?"

The doctor passed on. So far, all well.

It was quite dark when the body of Du Bois was borne into the dissecting room. The attendants retired in haste, leaving Sister Agnes and a lad with him.

"Now, then, here are your garments. Quick!" said the fair nurse.

In less than five minutes the late corpse looked like a very active and important surgeon.

"This lad will guide you—follow him!" said Sister Agnes hurriedly. "Linger not a moment! Adieu! Adieu!"

Five minutes later Martel du Bois, guided by a youth, was hurriedly passing through the streets of Toulouse. On the outskirts of the town the youth led him to an old stable, where they found two swift horses prepared for a journey.

They mounted and rode southward toward Spain. When morning dawned, there were 40 good miles between them and Toulouse. The second night they entered Spain and were safe.

"Now, my brave lad," said Du Bois, "go back to your mistress, Mme. Romaine, and tell her my hand, my heart and my life are at her disposal!"

"She will accept your hand and heart, but begs you to keep your life," returned the youth, with a light laugh.

"She will speak for herself!" rejoined Du Bois sharply.

"She does!" laughed the other.

"How is this?"

"I am Julie Romaine."

They were married in Spain, and at the close of the reign of terror returned to France and lived long and happily.—San Francisco Argonaut.

Waltham Powder Works.

The description in an English journal of the royal gunpowder factory at Waltham would seem to show the establishment more in the light of a world's fair than the prosaic plant that such a purpose involves. There are, it appears, some 400 acres of wooded land, intersected by four miles of running streams, and electric launches ply between the different buildings, while cargoes of explosives are conveyed by sail barges in order to reduce liability to danger to a minimum. In what is known as the "danger building" there is a board set up across the threshold, which not even the inspector may step over without having a special pair of large overboots put on his feet, to keep his shoes from tracking grit from outside upon the felt carpet. In one part of the grounds is a pond into which the water from the nitroglycerin factory is drained, and once a week this extraordinary lake is exploded with a dynamite cartridge, to prevent too great accumulation of waste nitroglycerin—some times, in fact, there is so much in the water that holes 20 feet deep are made and the water is all blown away.

Merely Suggestive.

"I could almost believe these to be mother's biscuits," he said.

Tears of joy sprang to her eyes as she listened.

"But no," he continued. "It cannot be. Mother has been dead these 25 years."

He was conscious that her glare wasn't doing a thing but burn into his very soul.—Detroit Tribune.

HOMAGE TO BRAVERY.

Two Good Stories of the War Times of a Generation Ago.

The Rev. Robert Wilson of St. Luke's Episcopal church says:

"In 1863 I met in Richmond a Colonel McCoy of Pennsylvania who had been a gallant wearer of the blue. We got quite chummy over a 'mixed wood' campfire, and, wishing to put him at his ease, I told him the story of Kershaw's magnificent reconnoissance at Fredericksburg, which can never be too often repeated. An orderly had arrived in hot haste with a command for General Kershaw to have the enemy reconnoitered at all hazards from a knoll which was swept by the fire of the sharpshooters of both armies. Every bush and tree had been cut away by the storm of bullets, and it looked like certain death to the man who should attempt it. Calmly slinging his fieldglass and turning over his command to the next officer in rank, Joseph B. Kershaw rode slowly up to the death trap into which he would not send any other man. The sight of his heroic action as he sat amid the whistling minies, sweeping the opposing ranks with his glass, was too much for the chivalry of the Yankee commander, and the order went down the Federal line, 'Cease firing on that officer.' The rifles became silent, the reconnoissance was finished, and, raising his cap in acknowledgment, General Kershaw quietly rode back at a walk, unharmed."

"It was a splendid incident," remarked Colonel McCoy, "but I can cap it with a personal experience of the chivalrous disposition of your men. I was on General Meade's staff near Richmond, and one morning, with the general at our head, we rode down to take a look over the river. As we turned sharply out of the bushes and came out on the bank, we found ourselves in point blank range of a Confederate picket drawn up on the other side. A volley would have emptied every saddle, for we were entirely at their mercy, but it would have been murder, for they could not cross and capture us. Recognizing General Meade, the commander of the detachment ordered his men into line, and they presented arms. We raised our caps in grateful acknowledgment, rode slowly back into the bushes, and as soon as we were fairly out of sight put spurs to our horses and scudded back to the camp as if the devil was after us."—Charleston News and Courier.

Talk In Cumberland.

"Whims" is the local name in Cumberland for furze and appears to be the Gaelic word quins, sharp points. "Heaf" is a very peculiar word (derived from the old Norse haefi, a share) and is applied to the part of a fellside common allotted to a particular flock of sheep. Each flock keeps to its own "heaf." Some very quaint expressions are "bride lof," a wedding cake; "seeing glass," a mirror; "clout hat," a woman's sunbonnet; "ridding out keam," a hair comb; "fireworks," a magic lantern display; "moley man," a mole catcher; "leg weary," tired; "leg up," to trip up; "sneck up," to wind (literally to latch up) a clock.

The verbs "feel," in the sense of to smell, and "lame," in the sense of to injure any part of the body, are peculiar. We may add "pipe stopple," the stem of a tobacco pipe; "buttock," a footstool; "tinkler folk," the gypsies; "last dress," a shroud which children are taught to work at school and afterward to present to their grandparents and other aged relatives—a kindly act, but one which betrays that lack of humor and sense of the ludicrous which is characteristic of northern folk. A Cumbrian who goes to have his photograph taken announces that he has come to be "struck."—Gentleman's Magazine.

The Sense of Color.

According to Professor Hugo Magnus of Breslau, the visual capacity of sense of color varies not only with the individual, but with the civilization of a people. At first the human retina is insensible to colors, and only a gray, more or less clear, is visible. Later on red and yellow are seen, these corresponding to light of the greatest wave length. Thus neither the ancient hymns of the Vedas, nor the Zend-Avesta, nor the Old Testament speak of the blue sky. Homer (as Mr. Gladstone remarks) and Ezekiel do not appear to have been sensible of all the tints of the rainbow. Zenophanes describes them as purple, red and greenish yellow. Aristotle adds the blue. In Hebrew and Assyrian the colors yellow and green and in Arabic blue and black are often confounded.

Mme. de Remusat.

Mme. de Remusat had features so perfect that her contemporaries said she was worthy to sit as a model for a Greek goddess. The flesh of her face closely resembled alabaster, and yet she was not pale and did not give the impression of being in delicate health. Her beauty attracted universal attention to her, no matter where she went, and even in old age she retained most of her good looks.

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Mr. G. Callouette, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

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Parts Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo. GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1895.

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In Effect Sunday, May 17, 1896

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND			STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND	
No 2	No 4			No 1	No 3
A M	P M		—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
9 00		Lv	...Mulberry Street...Ar	12 20	5 25
9 10		Lv	...Surry street ...Ar	12 30	5 35
9 50		Ar	..Jacksonville Lv		12 05
11 03	8 58	Lv	..... Ar	10 43	10 25
11 55	4 30	Lv	..Maysville.....Lv	9 50	9 15
12 20	4 44	Lv	..Pollocksville.....Lv	9 25	8 50
1 30	5 3	Ar	..Newbern Lv	8 30	8 00
	P M			A M	

Nos. 5 and 6 mixed trains.
Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
Trains 5 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
†Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
‡Daily except Sunday.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager.

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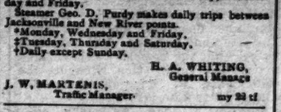

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT Sept. 17, 1896.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.02 a m, Warsaw 11.14 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 12.52 p m, Rocky Mount 1.35 p m, Tarboro 2.40 p m, Weldon 3.32 p m, Petersburg 5.20 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.00 p m, Washington 11.10 p m. Baltimore 12.55 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.52 a m, †Boston 9.30 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 5.30 p m, Warsaw 5.43 p m, Goldsboro 6.36 p m, Wilson 10.33 p m, †Tarboro 7.05 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 p m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.40 a m, Petersburg 3.38 a m, Richmond 5.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.33 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.35 p m, Boston 5.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 1.30 P M No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.39 p m, Florence 7.19 p m, Sumter 8.58 p m, Columbia 10.15 p m, Denmark 6.20 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.55 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 9.10 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.55 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.15 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.08 p m, Magnolia 4.10 p m.

DAILY 9.30 a m No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.05 a m, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.35 p m, Washington 5.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.20 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 5.58 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.15 a m, Goldsboro 7.03 a m, Warsaw 7.51 a m, Magnolia 8.00 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 a m No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 7.00 a m, Sanford 1.55 p m, Jacksonville 7.00 p m Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.55 a m, Columbia 5.45 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 7.20 a m, Florence 8.50 a m, Marion 9.31 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.46 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 p m, Halifax 4.18 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 p m, Greenville 6.47 p m, Kinston 7.45 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m. Arriving Halifax at 11.00 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Parmele 8.50 a m and 3.40 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9.50 a m and 6.20 p m, arrives Washington 11.25 a m and 7.10 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily at 5.30 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily at 7.40 a m., Arrive Tarboro 9.45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6.00 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 a. m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, 7.50 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.15 a. m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.10 a m and 8.45 p m; returning leave Clinton at 8.00 p m, and 11.30 a m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.05 a m, arrive Latta 9.54 a m, Dillon 9.36 a m, Rowland 9.53 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6.05 p m, arrives Dillon 6.36 p m, Latta 6.57 p m, Pee Dee 6.56 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 5.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 12.55 p m, leave Conway 2.30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.50 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8.05 a m, 9.40 a m and 7.45 p m, arrive Darlington 9.05 a m, 10.30 a m and 8.15 p m, leave Darlington 9.01 a m and 10.40 a m, arrive Cheraw 10.40 a m and 12.30 p m, leave Cheraw 12.45 p m, arrive Wadesboro 2.05 p m, Returning leave Wadesboro 3 p m, arrive Cheraw 4.50 p m, leave Cheraw 4.50 p m and 5.20 p m, arrive Darlington 7 p m and 6.27 p m. Leave Darlington 7.00 p m, 6.30 and 7.45 a m, arrive Florence 8.55 p m, 7 p m and 8.15 a m. Daily except Sunday. Sunday trains leave Floyds 7.30 a m, Darlington 7.45 a m, ar

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, Nov. 13, 1896

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat Scored Another Advance—Corn, Oats and Pork Products Closed Higher

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, November 12.—Wheat sprung one of the many surprises for which it has lately been noted during the final moments of to-day's session. The market during the morning was at no time very strong and frequently very weak. It appeared like finding money to sell short, and local traders generally were getting on that side with as much celerity as possible. December had sold down to 78¼c. from an opening around 79c., and it looked weak at that. Slowly, however, it began to recover, working its way with difficulty to 79c., where the rally was stubbornly contested. Opposition was at length withdrawn and the advance became more rapid. From 80 to 80⅝c., the latter at the close, the rise was sharp and accompanied by as much excitement as any that has recently taken place. The inspiration for the present advance came from Liverpool, quotations at that place at the close being ¼d higher than yesterday, our decline being ignored. December wheat opened from 79¼ to 78⅝c, sold between 78¼ and 80⅝@80⅝c, closing at 80⅜c—1¼c higher than yesterday. Cash wheat was irregular, closing 2c higher.

At the immediate opening and for a few moments thereafter corn was steady, out of respect to the firmness of wheat prevailing at that time. The natural tendency of prices, however, was to decline and it was not surprising that recessions took place. The break in wheat about the end of the first hour accelerated the downward motion of corn prices. In the final moments an improvement in sympathy with wheat took place. May corn opened at 30c, sold between 28⅝ and 29¼c, closing at 29¼@29½c—½@¾c higher than yesterday. Cash corn was steady to ¼c lower.

Oats were affected by wheat and corn, the early action being with a steady feeling, but later prices declining. At the close the feeling showed improvement and prices recovered. May oats closed ½@¾c higher than yesterday. Cash oats were steady to ¼c lower.

Provisions—A measure of strength pervaded the provision market early, but in the face of declining grain values there was not much assurance in the tone. The hog market was firmer, and that affording the only assistance derived from outside sources. The subsequent speculative strength of grain extended to product and prices rallied. At the close January pork was 10@12½c higher; January lard 5@7½c higher, and January ribs 5c higher.

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, November 12.—The *Sun* says: Spot prices here were unchanged. Liverpool was unchanged on the spot, with sales of 12,000 bales; futures advanced one-half to two and a half points. The receipts at the ports to-day were 45,700 bales. The exports were 15,768 bales to Great Britain, 20,961 to France and 28,583 to the Continent; total 59,711 bales. Futures here opened two to five points higher, lost the improvement, but rallied and closed firm at a net advance of three to five points, with sales of 188,100 bales.

The speculation to-day was less active and in the main of a local character. At first prices advanced slightly in response to an advance in Liverpool, but in the absence of local support and indications of increased receipts at the ports, the improvement was lost. Later on, however, prices slowly advanced under the influence of a light interior movement and the absence of any decided pressure to sell. The Southern spot markets were lower in some instances, but fairly active, and the exports from the ports were again heavy.

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

Another Hitch in Negotiations for the Transfer to the Ryan-Thomas Syndicate.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, November 12.—Reports were current to-day in local financial circles to the effect that the hitch in the negotiations for the transfer of the stock of the Seaboard & Roanoke Railroad Company, which carries with it the control of the Seaboard Air Line system and the Baltimore Steam Packet Company to the Ryan-Thomas syndicate of New York, is due to the refusal on the part of the Seaboard's management to allow an expert examination of the books and accounts of the property.

President R. Curzon Hoffman, who returned this morning from Portsmouth, Va., said that he was in absolute ignorance of any such refusal.

GEORGIA SENATORSHIP.

No Break in the Deadlock—Steve Clay in the Lead.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., November 12.—The Democratic caucus met again this afternoon and balloted five times for U. S. Senator. No nomination was made. Chairman Steve Clay led on every ballot, with Capt. Howell second and Governor Atkinson third. They were the only candidates voted for except on the fourth ballot, when Robertson received one vote and Lewis Garrard, of Columbus, got three. The voting was as follows: Clay 68, 62, 74, 66, 65; Howell 54, 58, 57, 55, 59; Atkinson 48, 51, 47, 45, 46. After this ballot the caucus adjourned until to-morrow. An anonymous circular was distributed to-day charging that the railroads were trying to dictate the election of a Senator.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, November 12.—Rosin steady; strained common to good $1 92½@1 93½. Spirits turpentine steady at 38@38½c.

CHARLESTON, November 12.—Spirits turpentine firm at 35½c; sales — casks. Rosin firm; sales — barrels; prices: B, C $1 40, D, E $1 45, F, G $1 50, H $1 55, I, K $1 60, M $1 80, N $2 00, W G $2 90, W W $3 40.

SAVANNAH, November 12.—Spirits turpentine opened firm at 35½c, with sales of 2,130 casks; closed firm at 35½@35½c, with sales of 51 casks at 35½c and 57 at 35½c; receipts 1,619 casks. Rosin opened unchanged, with sales of 1,433 barrels; closed firm at an advance of 5c on H and a partial advance of 5c on G and F; sales 635 barrels; receipts 5 636 barrels: A, B, C, D, E $1 50, F $1 60@1 65, G $1 65@1 70, H, I, K $1 70, M $1 90, N $2 10, W G $2 30, W W $2 60.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The kind you have always bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "just-as-good" are but experiments, and endanger the health of Infants and Children—experience against experiment.

Chas. H. Fletcher

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

THE CHINESE GOVERNMENT NEGOTIATING A LOAN.

Madrid Advices Concerning Gen. Weyler—Affairs at Constantinople—Emperor William and the Transvaal Affair—The German Imperial Budget.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PEKIN, November 12.—It is stated that the Government will borrow from Chinese capitalists the sum of 30,000,000 taels for the construction of the Hankow-Pekin Railway. It was stated a short time ago that an American syndicate would advance 80,000,000 taels for the building of this line, but it is now rumored that there is a hitch in the negotiations.

MADRID, November 13.—A dispatch to the *Imparcial* from Havana, states that Captain General Weyler carried the Rubi Heights on November 10, after Maceo had defended them for six hours. The insurgent loss is said to have been heavy, while the Spanish loss is declared to have been small. Gen. Echague, the commander of one of the Spanish columns, was wounded.

LONDON, Nov. 12—The *Daily News* will to-morrow comment upon a remarkable speech made by Lord Lonsdale, who is an intimate friend of Emperor William, upon retiring from the Mayoralty of Whitehaven. He denounced as childish the anger that had been aroused in England by the telegram sent some months ago by Emperor William to President Kruger of the Transvaal. He declared that the fact was that President Kruger has asked Emperor William to assist the Transvaal in its trouble with Great Britain and that the Emperor had declined to do so. Subsequently the Emperor sent the dispatch merely congratulating President Kruger for succeeding with the trouble alone. Lonsdale added that he believed if the Emperor had known the result the telegram would have had in Great Britain, he would not have sent it. Anyhow, he was authorized by Emperor William to declare that nothing in the smallest degree antagonistic of Great Britain or the British people was intended.

The *Morning Post* will to-morrow publish a dispatch from Constantinople saying that it is widely affirmed that the Sultan intends to promulgate the constitution of 1876 with a view of placating the Mohammedian factions, thus enabling him to confront the possible combined pressure of the Powers

THE SUGAR TRUST.

Puts a Quietus on the Plans of the Baltimore Sugar Refining Company.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, November 12.—John E. Searles, of New York, representing the Sugar Trust, put a quietus on the plans of the directors of the Baltimore Sugar Refining Company to-day. The directors had announced that the big plant at Curtis Bay would re-open in a few days, giving employment to 1,000 men. At the stockholders' meeting to-day, Mr. Searles voted the Sugar Trusts' stock in favor of remaining idle. A new board of directors was also chosen by the votes controlled by Mr. Searles, as follows: G. H. Frazer, of Philadelphia; C. Morton Stewart, of Baltimore; William Dick H. C. Havemeyer and F. O. Matthiessen, of New York. It is thought the directors will meet in a few days and elect Mr. Frazier president. The capital stock of the company is $1,300 000 of which the Sugar Trust controls $960,000.

BATTLE WITH BANDITS.

Two Mexican Horse Thieves Killed and One Wounded.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DALLAS, TEXAS, November 13.—Deputy U. S. Marshal Erwin arrived to-day with a wounded Mexican prisoner named Hosea Cardinasia, captured in a fight last Saturday in Childress county in the Texas Panhandle. Marshal Erwin, the sheriff of Childress county, and a posse attacked five Mexicans who had stolen fifty head of horses in Oklahoma and who have killed two men and committed a number of highway robberies in New Mexico and Colorado. In the fight two of the Mexicans were killed and one wounded, and two of the Childress county posse were wounded. Two of the Mexicans escaped. There is $3,000 reward offered by Colorado if these fellows are captured.

KENTUCKY'S ELECTION.

Official Returns Show That One Democrat Will Have a Vote in the Electoral College.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FRANKFORT, KY., November 13.—The official returns of the vote in each county for the election on November 3 are all in. With the counties of Marshall, McLean and Montgomery left off the table prepared by the Secretary of State, because of unexplained irregularities, they show that W. B. Smith, the first Democratic elector, will have a vote in the Electoral College. The other twelve electors will be Republicans, with the counties of Marshall, McLean and Montgomery left out. S. H. Kash, the first Republican elector, received 215,086 votes; Smith, the first Democratic elector, 213 890; Trimble, the last Republican elector, 213,889, and Ward, the first National Democratic elector, 2,018.

THE BICYCLE RECORD

Broken by James Michael in a Ten-Mile Race at New Orleans.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, November 13.—James Michael is the hero in bicycle circles to-night. Late this afternoon he made a successful trial ten-mile record. He was paced by one sextuplet, two quads and two triplets. He lowered every mile record from the second to the tenth inclusive. The record for ten miles was made by Tom Linton, of England, and stood at 18.41 1-5. Michael clipped eight seconds off this and made it 18 33 1-5. Johnson will try for the two-mile record to-morrow.

STEAMER THREE FRIENDS

Libelled and Seized by U. S. Authorities at Jacksonville, Fla.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., Nov. 13.—The steamer Three Friends has been libelled, an attachment issued and served and is now in the custody of the United States marshal. In the libel, which was filed with the clerk of the United States Court to-day, the vessel is charged with being fitted out and armed to cruise and commit hostilities against the subjects, citizens or property of the King of Spain. The case will be tried in the United States Court next December.

James Fagin, who threw a lighted cigar into the face of Secretary Carlisle, after the gold Democratic meeting in Covington, Ky., was fined $20 and costs. This was the meeting at which eggs were thrown on the stage at the Secretary while he was speaking.

An Important Difference.

To make it apparent to thousands who think themselves ill, that they are not afflicted with any disease, but that the system simply needs cleansing, is to bring comfort home to their hearts, as a costive condition is easily cured by using Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only, and sold by all druggists.

SOUTHERN INDUSTRIES.

NEW ENTERPRISES PROJECTED AND UNDER WAY.

Remarkable Growth of Foreign Commerce at Southern Ports—New Manufacturing Plants Established—Railroad Undertakings—Colonization Schemes.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, MD., November 13.—The *Manufacturers' Record*, in its review of Southern business conditions, says:

"The remarkable growth of foreign commerce through Southern ports is emphasized by the arrangements that have just been completed for the establishment of direct steamship lines from Norfolk, Charleston, Savannah and Brunswick to European ports. Five years ago only three Southern ports had direct steamer lines to Europe, the shipments from other ports being made by tramp steamers. Now, eleven Southern ports have established regular lines to various British and Continental ports. The magnitude of this business is illustrated in the fact that one company, operating a large number of steamers has engaged much of their cargoes through the whole Winter and up to March, and another company operating from Norfolk has about fifty or sixty steamers engaged for carrying general cargo business this Winter. This great increase in foreign exports is building up Southern seaports and giving to them as much activity and prosperity as has heretofore prevailed in the industrial centres of the South.

Following the general improvement since the election, a large number of Southern enterprises have resumed operations and others are preparing to do so. Among the most important reported in these two classes during the week are the Ashland Steel Company and the Norton Nail Works at Ashland, Ky. The Baltimore Tin Plate Company, employing 200 hands; the Wheeling Iron and Steel Company and the Whitaker Iron Company, of Wheeling, W. Va., and other enterprises have increased the number of their hands from 9,000 to 4,500; the Kanawha woolen mills, of Charleston, W. Va., the Maryland silk mills, of Hagerstown, the Cotton Duck mills, near Baltimore, and the Galveston (Tex.) rope and twine mills, employing 100 hands; the Fostoria glass work, at Moundsville, W Va., 900 men; the Avery plow works, of Louisville, Ky., 150 additional men; the Louisville woolen mills, 800 hands; the Bear Grass woolen mills, 200 hands; the Howard-Harrison Iron Company, of Bessemer, Ala., put on full force; Birmingham Rolling mill, 1,500 men; Gate City Rolling mill, of Gate City, Ala., 900 men, and a large number of other industries throughout the South.

Among the new enterprises looking to the development of business interests in the South reported for the week are a number of railroad undertakings; a $1,000,000 company organized in the West, which has purchased 6,000 acres of land in Texas for improvement and colonization with manufacturing enterprises; a Chicago company organized to purchase 200,000 acres of land in Alabama for colonization, sales of several large tracts of timber lands for development; a $150,000 cellulose plant at Owensboro, Ky.; a $30,000 knitting mill company at Union Point, Ga.; a $100,000 electric light and power company at Fort Worth, Texas.

Many enterprises, projected some months ago and delayed by the political excitement, are now being taken up actively with a view to securing capital for immediate construction. Some of them have capital already pledged, contingent upon the election, and these will be carried forward promptly. Reports to the *Manufacturers' Record* from all parts of the South show a hopeful feeling and a determination to bend every possible energy to the material advancement of this section.

BATTLE WITH BURGLARS.

One Killed and Another Wounded and Captured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BATAVIA, N. Y., November 13.—A desperate battle with armed burglars, who were ransacking a store in Elba, occurred at an early hour this morning, with the result that one of the men was shot dead and the other received a gunshot in the left leg just above the knee. He was captured and is now in jail here. Elba is a little village about six miles distant, and the principal place of business in the village is W. A. Hundredmark's general store. The store is fitted with burglar alarms connecting Hundredmark's house. Shortly after 2 o'clock this morning the inmates were aroused by the ringing of the alarm, and Hundredmark and his son armed themselves and started to investigate. At first they summoned a number of the neighbors, and about a dozen men went to the store, which they surrounded and called on the burglars to surrender. The latter made a dash for liberty and the besieging party opened fire on them. The robbers returned the fire and a dozen or more shots were exchanged. When the fusilade was over, one of the burglars lay dead and the other seriously wounded. The wounded man was brought to Batavia and lodged in jail. He gave the name of George Stevens, but further than this would say nothing concerning himself or companion.

FIGHTING IN CUBA.

Gen. Weyler's Report of Engagements With the Insurgents.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, November 13.—Gen. Weyler reports from Cabanas that in order to carry forward his plans he sent out three columns. One column of six battalions with artillery, under command of Gen. Muncze, marched to Manuelita, and another of four battalions with artillery, under Gen. Echague, marched to Cayakjabos. Col. Segurra with his command from Sorsora and Gen. Weyler himself at the head of a column comprising five battalions and six pieces of artillery, left Mariel to attack the front of the enemy, who occupied all the avenues of communication in strong force. Gen. Aguere with his command arrived near Cayakjabos on the evening of November 9th and found that the enemy was encamped in a strong position on Rosano hill. He opened a sustained fire upon the enemy's position, and as the action was about finished a stray shot wounded Gen. Echague in the right leg. On the morning of November 10th Gen. Echague was reinforced and captured the rebel positions, which were strongly defended, and the heights of Rubi, occupied by the rebels, were carried by the Spanish troops at the point of the bayonet at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The Spanish losses were six killed and eight officers and fifty-four privates wounded. Seven of the enemy's dead were found, but it is not known whether there were any more killed.

The lumber manufacturers of Arkansas held a meeting at Little Rock and advanced the price on common lumber fifty cents per thousand feet and upper grades one dollar per thousand. Representatives from St. Louis, Chicago, Memphis and other cities were present.

"I had severe pains in my head and discharges from my ears; my general health was also very poor. The druggist advised to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, which I did. The bad feeling in my head and the earache are now all gone." Mrs. T. G. Rybne, Dallas, N.C. Hood's Pills are reliable, sure.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Jos. S. Miller, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Resigns—Successor of Illinois Mentioned as His Successor—The Venezuelan Matter.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, November 12.—It is understood that the resignation of Mr. Jos. S. Miller, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Treasury Department, is in the hands of the President. Prior to the election Mr. Miller had a conference with Secretary Carlisle and the President, during which he intimated his desire to retire from the public service and engage in private business. He was asked to postpone his intention until after the election.

Mr. Miller's relations with the President and Secretary Carlisle are said to be very cordial. Mr. Miller has been the companion of the President and also of Secretary Carlisle on several hunting and fishing expeditions.

Commissioner Miller is a native of West Virginia, from which State he was appointed to his present position during Mr. Cleveland's first administration. He retired on Mr Cleveland's defeat for re-election and was succeeded by another West Virginian, Mr. Mason. Commissioner Miller was one of two men who served under Mr. Cleveland's first administration who were re-appointed. The name of ex-Congressman Forman, of Illinois, is mentioned as Mr. Miller's successor.

The admission is made at the State Department to day that King Oscar of Sweden may be called into the Venezuelan arbitration, but only in case of a disagreement of the four arbitrators appointed in the first instance as to the selection of the fifth member, when the King will be asked to designate some person as president of the tribunal. This is regarded as an exceedingly distant contingency as no doubt is felt that the four original appointees will have no difficulty in reaching common ground in the matter with the same facility that they are expected to reach a conclusion on the evidence in the boundary dispute. It is further said that it has never been contemplated that the King himself should be the final arbitrator or that the tribunal should hold its session in Norway and Sweden, although the locality is left to their discretion. As all the evidence in the controversy has now been collected together in Washington, there is suggested a bare possibility that they might deem it advantageous to meet there, but the documents and other data are rapidly being arranged in such a way that the commission could take them to any desirable place without difficulty.

HON. WM. J. BRYAN

Will Address Local Political Organizations at Lincoln, Nebraska, Saturday—Next Week He Will Visit Missouri and Arkansas.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LINCOLN, NEB., November 12.—In a speech to be delivered before the Lincoln Travelling Men's Bryan Club and other local organizations favorable to free silver, next Saturday morning, W. J. Bryan, it is expected, will in a measure outline his future programme and the policy of the bimetallists of the country. This will be the first formal utterance of the Democratic candidate from the rostrum since the election, and there is much speculation as to the trend of his remarks. In the afternoon of the same day Mr. Bryan will address the Ladies' Mary Bryan Silver Club, which was quite a factor in the late campaign. Next week Mr. Bryan intends to visit Southern Missouri and Northern Arkansas, in company with Gov. Stone and Senator Jones, but the trip is expected to be more of an outing than a speech-making tour. From the Southern States he will go to Denver, make a few addresses probably and spend a number of days with personal and political friends.

THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

Comment of the Paris Temps on the Proposed Settlement of the Venezuelan Question.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PARIS, Nov. 12.—The *Temps* in an article on the proposed settlement by arbitration of the Anglo-Venezuelan question remarks upon the immense impulsion Great Britain is giving to one of the most extreme consequences of the Monroe Doctrine. It contends that with the consent of Great Britain the United States are invested with the right to interfere in all territorial quarrels of European Powers with the New World States, even when not asked by the latter to interfere and without their consent. These great innovations in international law, the paper adds, consecrate the absolute supremacy of the United States in the Western Hemisphere, and must cost British pride dear. Europe, however, will be unable to accept such a grave departure from the rights of nations.

WARM WIRELETS.

Treasury balances: Coin, $130,077,049; currency, $54,119,785.

The Mississippi Railroad Commission has ordered a reduction in freight rates in that State averaging about 20 per cent.

The *Daily News* says that rumors are current of a resumption of diplomatic relations between Great Britain and Venezuela.

Mr. C. Chambers, of Galveston, Texas, has sued the Manhattan Life Insurance Company for $10,000 on a life insurance policy.

Striking miners and a party of Austrians clashed in a saloon at Leadville, Col. One man was killed and four men were badly cut, one of them fatally.

The Treasury gold reserve at the close of business yesterday stood at $128,101,389; a net gain for the day of $869,000. The withdrawals at New York were $12,400.

At Columbus, Ga., last night, Shelby Miller shot and killed George Venable, a notoriously bad character. After the killing Miller left and at a late hour had not been arrested.

Dr. Wise, the defeated Republican candidate, will contest the seat of Mr. Young, the Representative-elect from the Second Virginia district, provided the necessary $6,000 can be raised.

Wm. J. Valentine has sued the Galveston City Railroad Company for $30,000 damages for personal injuries, while he was engaged in driving a dray and it was carelessly run into by a Market street car.

The Mechanics' Mutual Savings and Loan Associations, of Indianapolis, have filed a deed of assignment. The assets of the two associations amount to about $85,000 and the liabilities will be about the same.

At the annual meeting of stockholders of the Knoxville & Ohio Railroad all the old directors were re-elected, except Mr. W. H. Baldwin, Jr., who was succeeded by Mr. W. W. Finley, second vice president of the Southern.

Banker Frank Hamilton, who died in Austin, Tex., had $100,000 on his life in the New York Life Insurance Company, all of which goes to his wife, married Monday last, and to three children by his first wife, in equal amounts.

Wm. W. Haribut and Jas. R. Hall, composing the firm of W. W. Haribut & Co., steamship agents, ship brokers and commission merchants, New York, have made an assignment. The liabilities are fifteen or twenty thousand dollars, with assets about the same.

AGAINST PRITCHARD.

Senator Butler Makes an Open Declaration of War.

WASHINGTON, November 11.—(Correspondence Raleigh *News and Observer*)—Senator Marion Butler, of North Carolina, in an interview to-day, expressed the opinion that it was not possible for a gold Senator to be elected in his State to succeed Senator Pritchard. The Populists in the Legislature hold the balance of power, and they will declare in their caucus, says the Senator, for some man who is not only a straight silver man, but who is also for an income tax, and who is opposed to the national banking system. The Senator said he believed the Populists would stand solidly for such a man, and if there are not enough silver men in the Legislature to come to their assistance to elect such a man, then the Legislature will be deadlocked and no one will be elected.

He also said that he felt sure that the Populists and free silver Republican Senators would favor such a change in the present tariff law that may be necessary to provide sufficient revenue, provided the Republicans would agree to have the duty placed on the proper articles.

"Upon what articles do you think the tariff duties should be placed?" he was asked.

"Upon certain raw materials that are now on the free list, or which are now protected only by a small duty, and upon certain luxuries that are consumed almost exclusively by the rich, who now pay practically no tax to support the government."

NORTH CAROLINA BAPTISTS.

The State Convention at Morganton—Large Attendance—Old Officers Re-Elected.

MORGANTON, N. C., November 11.—The annual North Carolina Baptist Convention was called to order by Rev. J. E. Ray, Dr. R. H. Marsh, of Oxford, is the President of the Convention, and Hon. N. B. Broughton, of Raleigh, is Secretary. The Convention is largely attended and delegates are still coming on every train.

The Committee on Credentials reported 108 delegates present.

On motion, Dr. Marsh was unanimously re-elected President of the Convention.

Committee on nominating officers reported as follows: Three Vice Presidents, T. E. Skinner, J. C. Scarborough, J. A. Munday; Recording Secretaries, N. B. Broughton, H. C. Moore; Treasurer, J. D. Boushall; Auditor, W. N. Jones; Corresponding Secretary, Rev. Jno. E. White; Trustees of the Convention, Rev. W. C. Tyree, Hon. C. M. Cooke, Rev. L. Johnson, T. H. Briggs, Prof. L. R. Mills.

MAINE'S HAUNTED TOWN.

Nearly Every Other House In Easton Has a Ghost of Some Kind.

It is doubtful if any town in all New England has more ghosts and haunted houses than Easton, Me. It may well be called a haunted town. Although the citizens are sensible and well to do farmers, with all sincerity and almost to a man they vouch for the truth of many tales of remarkable and startling supernatural visitations.

For years one of the houses in the center of the town has stood vacant. Several attempts have been made to occupy it, but no one has ever succeeded in remaining within the fated walls for any length of time. One brave and skeptical youth recently determined upon an investigation, and as he is the scion of one of the first families and tells his story openly it is believed in implicitly by all Easton people.

The first night after he had gone to bed, leaving the light burning, the shade of a great dog came into the room right through the closed door. Advancing to the bedside, the canine specter regarded him savagely. He started up, and the phantom dissolved into thin air.

But the courage of the investigator failed him not, and he determined to brave it out. Before he could get to sleep, however, a woman all in white, with disordered black hair hanging over her face, made her appearance, weeping and wringing her hands. This vivid apparition was accompanied by still more grewsome signs from below. The heavy clanking of a chain reverberated through the still house, and soon deep groans were heard from various points. By this time he was thoroughly frightened, and getting out of bed he went down to the dining room, where he remained the rest of the night listening to the noises made by his ghostly companions. The house has never been entered since.

Another Easton man of undoubted veracity claims to have seen a phantom woman in broad daylight when the sun was shining brightly and no thoughts of the ghostly were in his mind. It was in his own home, too, where all was cheerful and nothing existed to put him in a morbid state. She had a remarkably white face, luminous dark eyes, and masses of dark hair hung in wild disorder about her face. He raised his eyes and saw this phantom advancing toward him. So real did it seem that he thought she was a mortal woman. He rose and stepped toward her, when she gave him one long, searching look and vanished into empty space. The piercing glance of those eyes, which, he says, seemed to penetrate his very soul, haunts him still, although he never has had a repetition of the ghostly visitant.—San Francisco Examiner.

HANGED TO MUSIC.

The Doomed Man Sang "I Want to Be an Angel" With the Crowd.

"In the early days of Wyoming, when there were but a few churches and many infractions of law, a man of the name of Barstow, who never knew fear and was a devout Christian, was elected to the office of sheriff," said a citizen of that state recently. "Soon after Barstow entered upon the duties of his office a man was convicted for a capital crime.

"The fact that there was no minister within reach preyed upon the mind of the sheriff, who undertook to supply the lack by holding an hour's Bible reading in the condemned man's cell and praying with him. As the time for the hanging approached Barstow became possessed with the fear that he had not acquitted himself of the spiritual responsibility devolving upon him and devised a programme that was new and unique. After the victim of the law's mandate was placed upon the platform and everything was in readiness the sheriff prayed long and fervently. Then he called for some one to start a hymn, and a man near the platform began the only one he knew, 'I Want to Be an Angel,' in which the prisoner joined.

"As the last verse was sung the sheriff lusted himself adjusting the noose, and immediately upon its conclusion the trap was sprung."—Washington Star.

Eighteen Babies at a Ball.

M. and Mme. X., when they returned to their residence earlier than they were expected from a ball at the Elysee, found, to their astonishment, that their three servants and the two children had disappeared.

On questioning the concierge and threatening to send for the commissary of police, the parents learned that in their absence the servants had gone off to a popular dancing room and taken the children with them. M. and Mme. X., still in evening dress, immediately drove in their carriage to the address given.

At the door of the dancing saloon they met the man who receives the money, and he evidently took in the situation.

"Reassure yourselves, monsieur and madame," he said, "and kindly step this way."

The man led the way to a large, well lighted and warm room, in which were 18 babies fast asleep upon benches. They were under the care of an old woman, and M. and Mme. X. had no difficulty in picking out those which belonged to them.—Paris Correspondent.

Feminine Intuition.

Madelaine—Is he rich?

Adelaide—Yes, I am sure of it.

Madelaine—Why?

Adelaide—Ball and her mother have taken him up.—New York Journal.

BLOOD CURDLING, ISN'T IT?

Oath Used by Peaceful Gentlemen When They Are Real Wicked.

When the country about Port Jervis, N. Y., was excited about the Snyder poisoning case, a long, lean, leather visaged chap went into Goshen to buy some things "at the store." The clerk was discussing the tragedy with another customer and gave a most exaggerated account of the case, winding up with the remark:

"And they say she looks like Mrs. Halliday, who killed her husband over to the foot of the Shawangunk mountains."

The lean chap was from "over Shawangunk way" himself, and he understood the comparison. He listened, open mouthed, and then slapping his off leg he exclaimed suddenly:

"By ginger spruce!"

It may look very simple, but to hear the expression in peaceful Goshen with that lean chap's emphasis is enough to give a man a turn. Upon inquiry, I learned that the oath or whatever you may choose to call it is a popular one in the country about there, being the proper thing to say under most circumstances if emphasized properly.

Thus by getting the pressure upon the proper word or the proper syllable of the proper word a man can express joy, sorrow, amazement, anger, disdain, irony, and so on.

It is history in Goshen, for instance, that when Case Salome was chosen constable he pricked up his ears and exclaimed, "By ginger spruce!" with the force on the "ginger," and that when Alack McLeod's Mary accepted Zed Tompkins he cracked his heels together and said the same thing, the emphasis increasing right up to "spruce" and hanging on there till Zed lost his breath.

Perhaps I cannot illustrate better the popularity and force of this expression than to relate that when a stereopticon went to Goshen a short time ago and gave a show "up in the hall" each picture was greeted by a united "By ginger spruce!" from every man, woman and child present, the showman having elicited an outburst of delight and amazement unequaled there since Billy Bill Askin got some money from an uncle out west and treated every one to an oyster supper.—New York Herald.

A HOG ORCHESTRA.

How a French Musician Made the Squealers Sing a Tune.

During the reign of Louis XI of France there was attached to his court one Abbot de Baigne, a man of considerable wit. The abbot was somewhat musically inclined and delighted the court with inventions of odd musical instruments. One day the king, after having enjoyed a hearty laugh over one of these curious contrivances and desiring to baffle this musical genius, commanded him to produce harmonious sounds from the cries of hogs. This seemed an impossibility to the king, and he prepared himself to enjoy the discomfiture of the abbot. Much to his surprise, however, the abbot readily agreed to produce them. All he required was a sum of money, upon receipt of which he declared he would invent the most surprising thing ever heard in the way of musical atrocity.

He scoured the country and secured a large number of hogs, trying their voices as to pitch and quality, and finally, having fully satisfied himself, he arranged the animals in a sort of pavilion richly decorated. The day of the trial arrived, and the king and his court entered the pavilion prepared for something, but greatly in doubt as to the success of the abbot with the hogs.

However, there were the hogs, sure enough, and, much to the surprise and delight of the king, they commenced to cry harmoniously and in good tune, rendering an air that was fairly recognized. The abbot had arranged a series of stops that were connected with the hogs, and upon pulling one of them out caused a spike to prick the hog it connected with, making him squeal his note. The rest was easy, for by pulling out the different stops he produced the tune.—Round Table.

How to Succeed by Failure.

It is related that after Mr. Chamberlain had been a very few years in the house, and was still a young member, he modestly asked an old and much respected parliamentary hand to favor him with criticisms or hints on his speeches in the house.

The old member reflected for a time and then said, "It is all very nice, very nice, indeed, Mr. Chamberlain, but if you could occasionally manage to break down, the house, I assure you, would take it as a great compliment."

This was a good hint. The house almost invariably regards with a certain degree of suspicion any young member who is too glib, polished and correct in his manner of speaking. It positively likes a man to be nervous, which should be a consolation to maiden speakers.—London Globe.

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

For Rent, Dwelling 115 South Front street, suitable for boarding house or private family. Terms low. Apply to A. D. Wessell, 113 South Front street. nov 13 1t

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. G. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 98. oct 17 tf

I offer to Discount any Price Lists for Groceries sent out by any other merchant by giving 5 cents worth more on their dollar off. If you don't believe it call on C. D. Jacobs, 213½ North Front street. oct 6 tf

The Dairy Restaurant No. 25 Market street is now open. Table first class. Open from 6 a. m. until 10 p. m. Give us a call. aug 15 tf

Hayden, F. H., has in stock bungies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilled workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. oct

Wanted

For immediate delivery lowest price on 200 tons light relaying rail. Address 'H.,' P. O. Box A., Norfolk, Va. nov 8 1w

FULL DRESS SHOES.

LATEST STYLES.

PETERSON & RULFS,

oct 29 tf 7 North Front Street.

JUST ARRIVED TO-DAY AT THE

PALACE BAKERY

Lowney's Candy.

MAILLARD'S CANDY,

FINEST ON EARTH,

Vantine's Japan and Turkey Imported Candy.

Come and try a sample; 200 kinds to select from. nov 6 tf

WHAT

more delicious for Tea than

Preserved Ginger.

To be had by the pound from me.

A fresh Edam to set off the table.

Kalamazoo Celery, fresh and brittle.

Cocoanuts, Dates, cleaned Currants, Mince Meat.

S. W. SANDERS,

At the "Unlucky Corner."

oct 28 tf

200 Barrels

New River Mullets

JUST RECEIVED.

250 BOXES TOBACCO, all grades.

30,000 CIGARS.

For Sale at Rock Bottom Prices.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

12 Market Street.

oct 25 tf

NOTICE.

PETITION WILL BE MADE TO THE Board of Aldermen of the city of Wilmington by the undersigned for permission to cover with platform, to a distance of 475½ feet west, that portion of the dock at the foot of Red Cross street, which is filled up; said platform to be used in the handling of cotton from cars to the Champion Compress & Warehouse Co.

The Champion Compress and Warehouse Co.
JAMES SPRUNT, President.
The Wilmington & Weldon Railroad Co.
nov 10 10t JOHN F. DIVINE, Gen'l Supt.

Christmas Greetings.

75 Bags COCOANUTS.
85 Barrels Baltimore APPLES.
75 Boxes Mixed NUTS.
90 Boxes L. L. RAISINS.
100 Boxes Cakes and CRACKERS.
200 Boxes STARCH.
25 Boxes Tin-Box Axle GREASE and a heavy and comple stock of other Groceries.

W. B. COOPER,

236 North Water St.,

nov 8 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

A CARD.

If you want a nice Suit of Clothes call at MEYER'S Merchant Tailoring, 27 Market street, where Tailoring is done in all its branches. You will find the largest and best selected stock in Scotch, Cheviot, Worsted, Clay Diagonals, fine Trousers and Overcoatings, now on exhibition in Wilmington. Best styles, fit and workmanship guaranteed. Patterns cut to measure. oct 24 tf

BUTTER AND FISH.

Twenty-five small tubs

GILT EDGE BUTTER

250 Barrels Mullets

and piles of other goods.

oct 31 tf **D. L. Gore.**

Combination Bicycle

FOR SALE.

A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address M., at

ap 7 tf STAR OFFICE.

Roger Moore,

104 North Water Street,

HAS FOR FARMERS AGRICULTURAL Lime and Land Plaster. For building—Cement and Rock Lime; Sand,